"THE NE'ER-DO-WELL"
A Selig Drama De Luxe
at
WEST END CINEMA
Charni Road.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA, IN 1913

Rex Beach's Wonder Story.
"THE NE'ER-DO-WELL"
at
WEST END CINEMA
Charni Road.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. V NO. 3 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1917. TWO ANNAS

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(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICES.

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STEAMERS of the P. & O. Co. will be despatched to London, calling at Marseilles, at frequent intervals.

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Agent.

Sukhadwalla Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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Steamers are despatched fortnightly to Persian Gulf Ports, calling at Bunder-Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire and Mohamerah. Steamers will also be despatched to Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong.

For further particulars regarding names of steamers, date of departure of the vessels and rates of freight, please apply to:—

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Marseilles	555	883	420	686
London via Marseilles	630	1,033	486	796
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The idea that baldness is a sign of intellectuality is fast being exploded.

The hair is not pushed out of the head by the great knowledge inside.

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The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE are granted on the Head Office and Branches, in India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks or Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

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THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1889.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 20,800,000

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Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Changchun	London	San Francisco
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Hankow	Fengtien	Sydney
Harbin	(Mukden)	(Australia)
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Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Kobe	New York	Tokyo
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	Tsingtau
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
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Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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(Bankers to the Government in Busra.)

HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.

Branches at Bombay, Calcutta, Bagdad and Basra, Amara.

Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-up Capital £600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders. £900,000
Reserve Fund £55,000

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON SAVING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

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Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.

HEAD OFFICE—BARODA.

Branches:—Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mehsana and Surat.

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 20,90,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 10,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 4,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,000 at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest with does not come to Rs. 3 per year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH-CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorized ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 31,00,000
Capital Paid-up ..... Rs. 16,21,208
Reserve Funds ..... Rs. 11,38,650

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches:

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

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Security unquestioned.

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THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

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Visitors to Deolali are cordially invited.

GIVE YOUR ORDER EARLY FOR

CAKES.

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THE MODERN HINDU HOTEL "Lakshmi Vilas"

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The ideal accommodation for visitors to Bangalore either for a change or Business. Run on the most up-to-date and modern lines. Well ventilated and luxuriously furnished rooms, food to suit all tastes thoroughly vegetarian. Prepared and served by high class Brahmins. Lit throughout by electricity.

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Incorporated in Texas (U. S. A.)

Petroleum and its Products.

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HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

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BRANDS	RATE.
Southern Star 150°	Rs. 7-9-0 per case
Unicorn 125°	Rs. 6-12-0 per case

Deliveries will be made free of charge to all buyers in Bombay.

For further particulars apply to

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Khadak, Mandvi Post, BOMBAY.

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JEWELLERS AND DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES.

A large selection of Ceylon hand-made laces always in stock.

CEYLON DEPOT,
Opp. G. P. O., Fort Street,
BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION

J. S. MODY & CO.

20 APOLLO STREET, FORT.
TEL NO. 3409.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on THURSDAY, the 4th day of January, 1917, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction in the godown of Messrs. Treacher and Co., in British Hotel Lane, Apollo Street, Fort, by order of the concerned the goods relating to Messrs. Treacher and Co., comprising ½ to 96 oz. stoppered bottles, ½ to 40 oz. mixture bottles, narrow and wide mouth bottles, dispensary stoppered bottles, medicine jars of different sizes, ointment pots, medicine drugs, such as cotex suncona, Jamaica Sarsa, coria clups, oak barks, cotexsalis, Nigra, Red coria, etc., 2 cases home exercise canvas jolly boats, crockeryware, sterio blocks, case of printing types, shelves, furniture, etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1917.

SALE BY AUCTION

BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT MAHIM, ON THE MAHIM CUSTOM ROAD.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 3rd instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of Bai Parwatibai, widow of Harivallabhdas Balgowandas, the mortgagee, and on account and risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the late Lilladhur Morarji, the mortgagor, the following properties:—

FIRSTLY—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Mahim Custom Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 129-38 square yards or thereabouts and which said land being a part of Collector's Old Nos. 497, 496, 497, Collector's New Nos. 4201, 4341 and 4342, and New Survey No. 2/44 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 5251 and Street No. 148, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on the East by Mahim Bazaar Road, on the West by the property of Mancharam Balgovind, on the North by the vacant land of Fatmabai, widow of Janoodin Dadoomia and on the South by the house of Mancharam Balgovandas.

SECONDLY—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground together with building standing thereon situate lying and being at Mahim Custom Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 244.32 square yards or thereabouts and which said land being a part of Collector's Old Nos. 497, 496, 497, Collector's New Nos. 4201, 4341 and 4342 and New Survey No. 2/44 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 5253, and Street Nos. 152, 154 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on the East by the Mahim Bazaar Road, on the West by the property of Mancharam Balgowandas, on the North by the property of Mia Alimia Hooseinmia and on the South by the property of Fatmabai, widow of Janoodin Dadoomia.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Girdharlal or to the undersigned.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO RAJAS, NAWABS, PRINCES AND RICH GENTLEMEN TO SECURE ARTISTIC ARTICLES TO DECORATE HALLS, DRAWING ROOMS, MUSEUMS AND GARDENS.

GRAND AUCTION Sale of Very Valuable and Rare Marble Figures and Pedestals, such as especially selected Artistic coloured Marble Italian Statues, Artistic Gilt Hall-figures, and Onix Marble of various Sorts. Pedestals, large size coloured and white Marble Figures, specially made by well-known Artist, also Handsome Life Size Statues. Artistic Gilt Hall Figures with Electric Lights, Hanging and Table Electric Lamps, and Very Rich Large and Small Wall Tapestry Purdas Decorated with Hand Embroidered Views, etc., etc.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 8th day of January, 1917, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), in the shop lately occupied by Sincere Watch Co., and next to West End Watch Co., Hornby Road, Fort, (where the kit has been removed for sale) by order of the concerned, the very valuable and handsome, rare and especially selected artistic coloured large and small marble figures, Onix, Green, White and coloured marble single, twine, trio, and four post pillars, rich gilt figures, fitted with electric lights, various marble vases and busts, large size garden statues, very rich tapestry wall hangers, embroidered with coloured views, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

N.B.—We recommend to the public to view the same as they are very rare articles.

On SATURDAY, the 6th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second hand rubber tyred victoria, good order.
1 Bay Arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 3rd January, 1917.

MESSRS. SORABJI COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
21, Medows Street.

AUCTION SALE OF A VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT BELVEDERE ROAD, NEAR ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 7th day of January, 1917, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises by order of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of and with the Consent of the Mortgagors, the following property by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of Transfer of Mortgage, dated the 30th day of September, 1914, and made between Dwarkadas Gordhandas of the one part, the said Mortgagors of the other part, and also in an indenture of Further Charge, dated the 30th day of September, 1914, and made between the said Mortgagors and the said Mortgagee:—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold (Fazendari) land or ground admeasuring 862 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenements, chawls, or range of building built and erected thereon, situate, lying and being at Belvedere Road, Mazagon, without the Fort, and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Peeroshaw Dadabhoy Chinoy, or Mistry, and others, the Lessors, on or towards the South by the property of Dr. Kaikhushru Rustomji Dalal, on or towards the East by the property of the Bombay Municipality, and on or towards the West by the Belvedere Road aforesaid, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 5640 (2), Street No. 5 (A), and E. Ward No. 5640 (3), and Street No. 5 (B), and form apart of land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 19 and 19, New No. 16245 and 16246, Old Survey No. 565, and New Survey No. 3597, and which said premises are in the occupation of the said Mortgagors and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1917.

BUSINESS NOTICES

"WANTED" "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headlines count as two lines.

Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.

Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Vouchers given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES

may be had on application to—

THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc., Subjects:—"Bookkeeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand, and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas Laldas, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Send any orders you wish to be executed promptly and to your satisfaction to the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" PRESS, 8 Medows Street, Fort.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

WANTED—STUDENTS for The Bombay School of Chemistry and Pharmacy which opens in December. Special Courses for Dispensers and Chemists. Good Prospects for passed candidates. For particular apply to the Principal, Lamington Road, Bombay. 6975

WANTED—Parents to know that we are specialist in (Conversational and General) English, (St. I to VII) WHOLE-DAY or any hours. Mathematics made easier. Violin, Mandolin Tuitions arranged. Pamphlet Free. Call or write: EMPIRE TUITION CLASS, 259-261, Hornby Road, Opp. Cox and Co., Fort.

MOTOR VEHICLE.

FOR SALE—Fords New Ford Seconds Tubes Tyres and Accessories. Repairs Painting overhauling Undertaken.

OMIAR MOTOR WORKS CO.,
Hughes Road, Chowpatti.

WANTED

WANTED—A GUJARATI HINDU GRADUATE with Persian. Strong in Mathematics preferred. Salary Rs. 45—2—50. Apply sharp to the PRINCIPAL, G. T. High School, Bombay. 6532

WANTED—For Children one NURSE and one NURSERY GOVERNESS (any nationality). Hindu preferred. Must be a vegetarian. Apply to Box No. 465, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6526

WANTED—A FAST TYPIST able to correspond, with business experience, for an outstation firm. Salary according to qualification. Apply to Box No. 463, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6503

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT by an experienced Weaving Master. Sizing speciality. Apply to Box No. 431, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6416

WANTED—AGTNTS for the SALE of "THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE" in the principal cities of India. For terms communicate with the MANAGING-DIRECTOR, Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., 8, Medows Street Fort, Bombay

WANTED—A GRADUATE, with experience of teaching, to act as private tutor to two boys, will have to work for four hours a day. Salary Rs. 75 to Rs. 100 per month, according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to:—

GHULAMALI G. CHAGLA,
6520 Bunder Quarter, Karachi.

WANTED—Immediately competent ASSISTANT TEACHERS for the New A.-V. School, Bassein (Thana). Undergraduates strong in Mathematics and Sanskrit preferred. Handsome start, varying according to qualifications. Apply sharp to or see personally.

R. N. SAMANT,
6517 Hon. Secretary.

WANTED—Two different CHIEF AGENTS for C. P. and Berar and Bombay Presidency. Liberal allowance and commission to experienced and energetic men. First class references absolutely necessary. Please apply to—

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary, National Insurance Co., Ltd.,
8, Council House Street,
8424 Calcutta.

FRENCH INSTITUTE.

PUBLIC and PRIVATE CLASSES are or can be opened for students at all stages.

1. *Beginners*: Mondays, Thursdays, 9-10 a.m.
2. *Advanced*: Tuesdays, Fridays, 9-10 a.m.

Fee: Rs. 8 per month, payable in advance. Apply to PROF. LOUIS PELTIER, Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One WESTINGHOUSE D. C. shunt wound 15 B.H.P., 460 volts, 950/1100 R. P. M. complete with shunt regulator and pulley. Apply to Box No. 15, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1065

FOR SALE—A quite new Hammond multiplex TYPEWRITER, latest model, used for a fortnight only. Please apply to Box No. 466, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 6530

TO BE LET

TO LET—For Parsis, two Blocks, fourth floor, New PETIT MANSIONS, Sleater Road. Airy, commodious, up-to-date, with lift. Near train, tram, victoria stand. Good view of Chowpatty and Bombay. Rent Rs. 145 and Rs. 150. Apply "S.", 361, Hornby Road. 6432

PUBLIC NOTICES

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

CONSEQUENT on the reduction in the passenger train service already notified the G. I. P. Railway Company hereby give Notice that they will not be able to provide reserved accommodation in either carriages or compartments by any train.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 2nd January, 1917. 262 B

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY,

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that owing to shortage of Coal, it has been found necessary, as a temporary measure, to suspend the booking of all Public Goods Traffic (except Coal and Military traffic) to and from any station on the Metre-gauge Section of this Company's System.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay 3rd January, 1917. 6535

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

CURTAILMENT IN MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

OWING to shortage of coal supplies, the following further passenger trains will be discontinued with immediate effect until further notice:—

13 Down North-East Passenger—Bombay to Delhi.
14 Up North-East Passenger—Delhi to Bombay.
17 Down South-East Passenger—Bombay to Raichur.
16 Up South-East Passenger—Raichur to Bombay.
383 Down Badnera Passenger—Bhusaval to Badnera.
384 Up Badnera Passenger—Badnera to Bhusaval.
359 Down Mixed Train—Jalamb to Khamgaon.
360 Up Mixed Train—Khamgaon to Jalamb.
875 Down Mixed Train—Jalamb to Khamgaon.
876 Up Mixed Train—Khamgaon to Jalamb.
375 Down Mixed Train—Badnera to Amraoti.
376 Up Mixed Train—Amraoti to Badnera.
205 Down Fast Passenger—Dhond to Manmad.
206 Up Fast Passenger—Manmad to Dhond.
161 Down Muttra Passenger—Muttra to Delhi.
162 Up Muttra Passenger—Delhi to Muttra.

No. 351 Down Bhusaval-Nagpur Passenger will stop at all stations between Bhusaval and Badnera.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 1st January, 1917. 262

THE JAM SHRI RANJITSINGHJI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS CO., LTD.

(SHOLAPUR.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Gate Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th January, 1917, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account made up for the year ending 30th June, 1916.
II. To declare a Dividend.
III. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Hirachand Ramchand Ghandhi as a Director made by the Board in place of Mr. Naranji Dwarkadas, resigned.
IV. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
V. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from THURSDAY, the 4th January, 1917, to WEDNESDAY, the 17th January, 1917, both days inclusive.

Bombay, 27th December, 1916.

By order of the Board of Directors,
LALJI, MURARJI & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
6529

WANTED.

A MINING ENGINEER. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to:—

ALAKH DHARI,
Inspector-General,
Commerce and Industry,
6514 Gwalior State.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

ADVERTISERS are requested to note that the management cannot guarantee to insert advertisements in the "Bombay Chronicle" unless the copies reach this office before 6-0 p.m., (S.T.)

MANAGING DIRECTOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."
Bombay, 30th August, 1916.

NOTICE.

JEENA & Co. are prepared to clear and ship goods on quite reasonable terms including or excluding landing, warehousing, rent, insurance, duty, cartage and for delivery at the railway station or any part of Bombay.

All charges must be paid before delivery.

Special terms can be arranged with mercantile firms or others who may wish us to conduct their sole clearing and forwarding work.

JEENA & Co.,
34, Churchgate Street,
820 Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTICES

(This is filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies)

The Century Transport Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Indian Company's Act 1913.)

PROSPECTUS.

Authorised Capital Rs. 2,00,000 divided into 2,000 shares of Rs. 100 each, of which 1,000 shares of Rs. 100 each are to be issued for the present.

The Subscription payable on shares as follows:

Rs. 25 per share on application.
Rs. 25 per share on allotment.
Rs. 25 First Call not earlier than one month after the allotment.
Rs. 25 Second Call not earlier than one month after first call.

The right of voting at General Meeting is one vote for one share.

DIRECTORS.

1. Sir JAMSETJI JIJIBHOY, Baronet.
2. LALJIBHAI NARANJI, Esq., (Messrs. MOOLJI JETHA & Co.)
3. ATMARAM HIRALAL NAJAR, Esq., Merchant.
4. Mr. KILABHAI DULABHRAM, L.C.E., (Late of the Baroda State Service and Director, Ahmedabad Prantij *Railway and Gujerat* Railways Co., Ltd.) *Ex.-officio.*

AGENTS.

Messrs. KILABHAI & Co.

BANKERS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

AUDITOR.

Khan Bahadur JAMSETJI ARDESHIR DALAL, M.A., LL.B.

LEGAL ADVISER.

SORABJI JAMSETJI DALAL, Esq., B.A., LL.B.

REGISTERED OFFICE.

MOHAMADI MAHAL, Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.

The Company is established as public carriers and hires for the conveyance of goods, passengers, &c., chiefly by means of improved locomotion such as Motor passenger vans and goods lorries, Steam passenger vans and goods lorries worked by steam, Petrol and Electricity in the City of Bombay and at such other convenient centres in India, as would be found suitable. The growth of traffic in Bombay and at all other places demands now improved locomotion instead of the animal traction which is considered to be very slow and not meeting the speedy conveyance of goods. In the City of Bombay there are already Companies doing Transport business by means of Motor lorries, &c., and from reliable information it is found that some of them make at the end of a year after meeting all the working expenses nett profit amounting to nearly 20 per cent and over. It is estimated that in the first instance a lakh of rupees invested in this business would bring in a gross income of nearly Rs. 90,000 by maintaining five to six Motor Lorries in Bombay of sufficient capacity and deducting from that amount the working expenses viz., Workmen's wages, Petrol, Establishment charges, General charges, Agents' commission &c., and sufficient depreciation and repair charges, it would leave a nett profit of Rs. 18.000 or thereabout. That is on a capital of one lakh of rupees 18 per cent and when the number of vehicles increased in course of time the percentage of nett profit would be greater as the working expenses would be comparatively reduced in the case of the expenditure items.

The following are the provisions of the Company's articles relating to the share qualifications and remuneration of Directors:—

(*a*) The qualification of a Director otherwise than the ex-Officio Director shall be the holding of shares in the Company of nominal value of Rs. 2,000.
(*b*) The remuneration of every Director otherwise than the Chairman shall be Rs. 30 for every meeting of the Board attended by him. The Chairman's remuneration shall be Rs. 40 for every meeting attended by him.

No work of the Company shall be commenced unless one fourth of the amount of the Capital now issued is subscribed for and the allotment will begin when one-tenth of the issued capital is subscribed for. The preliminary expenses are not expected to be more than Rs. 2,500.

The following agreements will be entered into for and on behalf of the Company with the Agents.

1. Agreement, Draft copy of which is appended to the articles of Association, as Schedule A for the appointment of Messrs. Kilabhai & Co., as the Agents of the Company, upon the terms, *viz.*, that they shall get 10 per cent of the gross earnings as commission and in addition an allowance or remuneration at the rate of Rs. 600 per month to be increased to Rs. 1,200 per month at the discretion of the Directors when the work of the Agents increases and the Company's business further develops. It is also expressly provided for that if in any year the Company cannot declare 9 per cent dividend on the paid up Capital the Agents to surrender a sum upto the whole of their commission of 10 per cent of the gross receipts which would go to make up 9 per cent.

2. The Agreement to be entered into by the Directors with the Agents as per Draft marked schedule B and accompanying the articles of Association to allot to the Agents Messrs. Kilabhai & Co., or their nominee 100 shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10,000 as fully paid up shares in consideration of the services rendered by them in promoting the Company and other valid reasons.

Except as stated above no shares are to be issued or agreed to be issued otherwise than by Cash.

One of the Directors *viz.*, Mr. Kilabhai Dulabhram of the firm of Messrs. Kilabhai & Co., is interested in the promotion of the Company as stated above.

Memorandum and Articles of Association and the draft agreements may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company during Office hours.

Application for shares should be made in the form enclosed and forwarded to Agents Messrs. Kilabhai & Co., Mohamadi Mahal, Dhobi Talao, Bombay.

(Sd.) JAMSETJI JIJIBHOY,
(Sd.) LALJI NARANJI,
(Sd.) ATMARAM HIRALAL NAJAR,
(Sd.) KILABHAI DULABHRAM,
DIRECTORS.

Bombay 2nd December, 1916.

This form of Application should be sent entire to The Agents, The Century Transport Company, Limited, Mohamadi Mahal, Dhobi Talao, BGMBAY.

No.....

The Century Transport Co., Ltd.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

To

THE AGENTS,
The Century Transport Co., Ltd.,
Mohamadi Mahal,
Dhobi Talao, BOMBAY.

GENTLEMEN,

Having paid the sum of Rs. being a deposit of Rs. 25 per share on application for shares of Rs. 100 each in the above named Company I request you will allow me that number of shares, and I hereby agree to accept the same or any less number that you may allot me upon the terms of your prospectus, dated.....1916, and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and I authorise you to place my name on the Register of Members of the Company in respect of the shares allotted to me.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant.

Signature .....
Name in full.....
Address in full .....
Profession or business.....
Date.....

No.....

THE CENTURY TRANSPORT Co., LTD.

RECEIVED the .....day of 191
From .....
the sum of .....
being a deposit of 25 Rupees per Share on.....Shares of Rs. 100 each in the abovenamed Company.
Rs.....
This receipt should be preserved, to be exchanged for the Share Certificate when ready.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai JAVERBAI widow of BHAGWANDAS NAROTTAMDAS has contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim or claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon situate lying and being at the Western side of Duncan Road without the Fort of Bombay in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 279 (two hundred and seventy nine) square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 2412 and 2526, New No. 9457 Old Survey Nos. 1 and 2 and New Survey No. 5665 and bounded on the East by the said Duncan Road; on the West by the sweepers passage; on the North by Bapty Road, and on the South by the property of Ratanbai widow of Rowji Tejsey and the buildings thereon are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under C Ward No. 7461 and Street Nos. 346 to 356 Duncan Road No. 27 Bapty Road and No. 29 Umerkhady Sewer Road.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1917.
6533

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MORARJI TOPAN, DEVIDAS TOPAN MANGALDAS TOPAN and BHAGWANDAS PADAMSEY TOPAN a minor, under the age of 18 years by his mother and natural guardian Shamkorebai have contracted with our client Mr. Jeychand Bogha for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the under mentioned property all persons having any clim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Quit and ground rent tenure land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate lying and being on the Western side of Rampart Row now known as Mint Road within the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 304 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1984 and street Nos. 140-142 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old Nos. 728-729, New No. 5942, Old Survey Nos. 1276, 1277 and New Survey No. 8524 and bounded as follows:—i.e., to say on or towards the East by Rampart Row now called Mint Road on or towards the West partly by the property of Sir Jamsedji Jeejeebhai Baronet and partly by the property formerly of Jetha Varia and now of Khimji Luxmidas. On or towards the North by the property formerly of Jetha Varia and now of Khimji Luxmidas and on or towards the South by the property of Nathoo Sunderji and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendors and their tenants.

Dated this 2nd day of January, 1917.

BHAISHANKER KANGA
& GIRDHARLAL.
6534 Purchasers Attorneys.

AMUSEMENTS.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT US
TO-NIGHT!
GAIETY THEATRE AT 6-30
EDWARDES AT 10 P. M.
PALACE OF VARIETIES
LAST NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
of the
GAIETY'S GREATEST SUCCESSFUL
PANTOMIME
"OLD MOTHER HUBBARD"
Also our Cinema Drama,
3 MEN AND 1 WOMAN.
TO-MORROW THURSDAY
ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY!
A MEMORABLE DAY
FOR THE GAIETY PATRONS
RETURN VISIT
After a successful Tour in Europe, Ameria and the far east of the celebrated
MALAGAS
MALAGAS
FAMOUS SPANISH WHIRLWIND DANCERS AND DUETISTS WHO
during their previous visits,
LITERALLY
Packed the Gaiety at Each Performance
CREATED QUITE A FURORE
NOT LONG AGO
In Paris and other continental Centres
THE
MALAGAS
have broken all previous records wherever they have appeared.
Book your seat to day to avoid the crush.
Don't forget the opening night is
TO-MORROW OUR GALA NIGHT.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
BOMBAY'S PREMIER PLAYHOUSE.
EVERY EVENING AT 9-30 P. M. SHARP
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
presents the
WORLD FAMOUS BRITISH COMEDIENNE
ADA REEVE
and her own London Company.
TO-NIGHT
LAST NIGHT OF
An Original Musical Play in 3 Acts
By MALCOLM WATSON & T. H. READ
"A MODERN EVE"
"Winnie Brooke" A Widow ADA REEVE
THURS., FRI. & SAT. JAN., 4th, 5th & 6th.
For the first time in the East.
Direct from the Comedy Theatre, London
"ELIZA COMES TO STAY"
A Farcical Comedy in 3 Acts by H. V. Esmond
"ELIZA" Miss ADA REEVE.
Preceded by a Short Vaudeville Programme.
Prices, Rs. 6, 5, 4, 2 and 1.
Box Plans at ROSE & Co,
NEXT SATURDAY JANUARY, 6th,
AT 6 P.M.
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE QUEEN OF BOMBAY,
RENDEZVOUS OF THE CULTURED.
EVERY EVENING AT 6-45 & 10.
AN EVENING OF LAUGHS.
THREE GREAT COMEDIES.
"FROM BROADWAY TO A THRONE."
A poor American who was the "double" of the lost Crown Prince of a European Kingdom was mistaken by the State Officials for him and he was forced to take the place of the missing man. His mistakes in court etiquette were most amusing. Eventually the real heir is discovered and the American retires from the scene with a bride.
"PRESUMPTUOUS SOARINGS."
A young man entering business in the new year is filled with vast ambitions, and these influence a foolish dream he has in which he makes a great deal of money with surprising ease.
"HIS NEIGHBOUR'S WIFE."
A young batchelor pretends he is married so as to get more salary. His employer asks himself to dinner, so he has to get a "wife" from somewhere. Making use of his neighbour's without her husband's knowledge leads to amusing complications.
THE ROYAL OPERA HOUSE REVIEW OF WAR REVIEWS.
A series of pictures reviewing the valour of Great Britain and her friends during the war.
SPECIALLY SELECTED MUSIC BY THE THEATRE ORCHESTRA.
Prices: Re. 1/8, Re. 1, Annas 8 and 4, Box seats, Re. 2.

HAVE YOU SEEN
The First Instalment of that
UNIQUE SUPER CIRCUS SERIAL
PEG O' THE RING
FEATURING the two greatest serial stars
GRACE CUNARD alias LUCILLE LOVE
and
COUNT HUGO alias FRANCIS FORD.
This is the only serial of its kind woven round the circus ring. All the real CIRCUS ACTS in this play are in the flesh, faithfully portrayed.
A CIRCUS and a PHOTO PLAY combined in one.
Spare one day in the week to see it.
AT
NEW ALEXANDRA
Near Crawford Market,
'Phone 1882.
Thrice, Nightly:—7, 8-45, 10-30.
USUAL HALF RATES.

THE
GREAT EASTERN CINEMA
Edwardes Theatre, Kalbadevi Road.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
THURSDAY, 4th January
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY 3
6-45, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
No 10 o'Clock Cinema Show on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
Saturday and Sunday Matinee at 4-30 when prizes will be given.
Sunday 6-30 Combined Show with Palace of Varieties 2nd and 3rd shows will be of Cinema only at 9 and 10-30 p.m.
THIS WEEK'S DRAMA
THE DOUBLE IMAGE.
Drama in four parts.
FEATURING
THE BEAUTIFUL PATHE STAR,
STACIA NAPIERKOWSKA,
The Famous Russian Dancer.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS

A SENSATION HAS UNDOUBTEDLY BEEN CAUSED BY

Rex Beach's Greatest Story

"The Ne'er-Do-Well"

A Selig Drama DeLuxe

Heart Throbs and Thrills abound in this Spectacular Production Filmed in the Canal Zone—A Worthy Successor to *"The Spoilers"*

WILL BE SHOWN AT

WEST END CINEMA.

6-45—8-30—10.

UNIVERSAL WONDER SERIAL

THE ADVENTURES OF

"Peg O' The Ring"

THE GREATEST FILM SHOW ON EARTH

That's What They All Say:

The Serial! The Serial! The Serial!

Universal! Extraordinary! Unique!

Undisputed Champions
Of The Arena
So have the actors of "The Adventures of Peg O' The Ring" been described by those who know circus life and who understand and appreciate the romance of the sawdust arena. "Peg" is fascinating. She will charm you, keep you absorbed, delighted. You will appreciate every panel of this famous Universal Photoplay serial of 5 weeks and 30 reels of swiftest action and thrilling events.
The Adventures of
"Peg O' The Ring"
featuring
Francis Ford and Grace Cunard
is unquestionably the greatest of all Universal Serials with an appeal to it that reaches into the hearts of millions of lovers of the silent drama. Take the entire family each week to see each adventure of Peg. You can see it at
UNIVERSAL
5 WEEKS — 30 REELS
GREATEST FILM SHOW ON EARTH

3 Shows Nightly

COMMENCING 7—8-45 AND 10-30.

EXTRA MATINEE SHOWS

To-day, Saturday & Tomorrow, Sunday, At 3-30 & 5 P.M.

AND

On Monday, being The NEW YEAR DAY, At 5 P. M.

The New

ALHAMBRA CINEMA

New Sandhurst Road.

Prices of Admisson: Re. 1, As. 8, 4 & 2.

THE EMPIRE

THE EMPIRE

NEW YEAR'S PROGRAMME!

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

AS

"A PERFECT LADY."

Pathe's coloured Drama:

"HANDS FROM THE SHADOWS."

HARROGATE.

Beautifully coloured views.

PATHE'S GAZETTE

The Empire Topical!

VICEROY'S CUP RACE 1916

THE DERBY OF THE EAST.

SEE! SEE!! SEE!!!

The fashionable gathering at the Grand stands, The Parade, The Start, The Race.

THE SENSATIONAL FINISH,

pictures of

The Winning JOCKEY RUIZ. The Winning Horse "BATCHELOR'S WEDDING" Mr. R.R.S. the Lucky owner. Mr. BYRAMJEE the cleve trainer.

Time: 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.

PICTURES & PHOTOS

Framed Smartly at the Cheapest Rates

KING & CO.,

Next to Evans Frasers.

Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

JUNAGADH.

IN AID OF THE

WOMEN'S BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WAR AND RELIEF FUND.

1st: 2nd: 3rd & 4th February 1917.

Drawing 5th February 1917.

MONSTER LUCKY-BAG.

30,000 Tickets at Rupee One each. 57 Large and 2,500 Consolation Prizes.

			Rs.
1st Prize		Motor Car	4,000
2nd Prize		Victoria...(C. Spring).	1,000
3rd Prize		Horse	400
4 to 8	5	Harmonium, each of Rs. 100	500
9 to 13	5	Free wheel Bicycles at Rs. 100	500
14 to 23	10	Gold Bangles and other real Gold Jewellery...	300
24 to 28	5	Gold Watches at Rs. 100	500
29 to 49		Silver Coffee Sets & other big Silver items not less than Rs. 20.....	600
50 to 54	5	Office Clocks at Rs. 25.	125
55		One Fire Proof Iron Safe.	75
56 & 57		Two Silver Photo frames at Rs. 25	50
2,500		Consolation Prizes	3,500
2,557			11,550

APPLY EARLY FOR TICKETS TO

K. P. ACHARYA,

SECRETARY,

LUCKY-BAG COMMITTEE, JUNAGADH.

(Sd.) JAMES SCOTT,

Chairman.

Lucky-Bag Committee, Junagadh.

AMUSEMENTS

THE

ANGLO-AMERICAN CINEMA.

SANDHURST ROAD.

TO-NIGHT

LONDON'S ENEMIES.

SATURDAY, 6th JAN. 1917.

PROTEA—Part IV

FROM FRIDAY 12th JAN. 1917

MYSTERY OF AL-SIN

A super Serial of 45,000 feet.

WEATHER REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 2.

The depression in Baluchistan has given fairly general light rain and has nearly disappeared, A few falls also occurred south-east of Madras.

Forecast:—Dry weather.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 1st Jan. 1917.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.	
Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr....	29.959 Inches
Temperature of Air	73.3 Degs
Wet Bulb Thermometer	64.4 "
Dew Point	59.3 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.621 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	0.0 "
Maximum temperature of Air	80.9 "
Minimum ....do.....do.....	65.3 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	NE,E,NW,NNW,N.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours from midnight to midnight	174 Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES IN BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean Time depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Skill.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Skill.
	Jan.	h. m.	ft. in.	Jan.	h. m.	ft. in.
Tues.	2	m 5 44	25 10	2	0 44a	17 7
		7 39a	25 10			
Wed.	3	m 6 58	25 1	3	m 1 30	21 8
		9 3a	26 6		m 1 49a	17 5
Thur	4	m 8 9	24 10	4	m 2 2	21 7
		9 55a	27 3		m 2 39a	17 2
Fri.	5	m 9 10	24 10	5	m 3 57	21 2
		10 38a	27 10		m 3 33a	16 11
Sat.	6	m 10 0	25 1	6	m 4 4a	20 8
		11 15a	28 3		m 4 2a	16 9
Sun.	7	m 10 44	25 4	7	m 5 17	20 1
		11 48a	28 7		m 4 37a	16 7
Mon.	8	m 11 24	25 9	8	m 5 50	19 7
					5 10a	16 5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Jan.		Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 2	(Tuesday)	" 7h. 12m.	" 6h. 13m.
" 3	(Wednesday)	" 7h. 12m.	" 6h. 14m.
" 4	(Thursday)	" 7h. 13m.	" 6h. 14m.
" 5	(Friday)	" 7h. 13m.	" 6h. 15m.
" 6	(Saturday)	" 7h. 13m.	" 6a. 15m.
" 7	(Sunday)	" 7h. 13m.	" 6h. 16m.
" 8	(Monday)	" 7h. 13m.	" 6h. 17m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

New Moon	1916 Dec.	26th.,	2h. 1.2m. a.m.
First Quater	"	31st.,	5h. 37.2m. p.m.
Full Moon	1917 Jan.	8th.,	1h. 12.0m. —
Last Quarter	"	16th.,	5h. 12.1m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 2nd January, 1917, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature continues in defect in the north and the east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Night temperature continues in defect.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in east Rajputana and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess in lower Sind and normal or in defect over the rest of the division. Temperature has risen and is now in excess at night in Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has risen but is still in slight defect at some stations.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Nigh ttemperature is in defect in the north-western districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Temperature is in defect in the south Konkan.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately clouded in the southern half of the division and clear or lightly clouded in the northern half. Humidity is normal or in excess. Night temperature has risen and is now in excess at some stations; day temperature is in defect in Hyderabad and the north Bombay Deccan.

General Remarks.—The disturbance which was affecting the weather in the Persian area appears to have moved eastwards and to have decreased considerably in intensity; it has caused only light local precipitation in north Baluchistan. Conditions appear to be slightly unsettled also in the Peninsula.

A few showers may occur in east Baluchistan, Sind and the extreme north. Isolated showers are possible in the Peninsula.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 a. m. on TUESDAY, the 2nd of January 1917.

STATIONS.	Temp in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Temp in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours	Humidity. 8 A. M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours	Rainfall. Total 1st Jan. to date.	Rainfall. Departure, 1st Nov. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (th Dec.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jask	74.0	58.1	68	..	0.62	—0.95
Do. (th Dec.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muskat	80.5	66.9	71	..	0	—0.99
Do. (th Dec.)	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	71.4	44.6	70	..	0	—0.33
Rawalpindi	64.7	28.7	84	..	0.33	—0.94
Lahore	68.8	37.3	82	..	0.02	—0.49
Hissar	70.9	36.6	66	..	0	..
Ambala	69.9	47.5	63	..	0	—1.18
Delhi	69.5	46.5	56	..	0	—0.64
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	78.2	44.0	45	..	0	—0.44
Mainpuri	70.2	43.3	57	..	0.01	—0.65
Jhansi	74.7	43.3	74	..	0.78	—0.26
Cawnpore	70.4	42 7	70	..	2.20	1.59
Allahabad	71.4	41.7	84	..	0.51	—0.10
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	73 3	51.2	62	..	0.02	—0.17
Karachi	75.6	60.8	76	..	0	—0.20
Ajmer	72.2	42.2	65	..	0	—0.46
Jaipur	74.4	40.1	49	..	0	—0.38
Kotah	78.0	47.8	51	..	0	—0.34
Mount Abu	?	48.1	59	..	0	—0.40
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA						
WEST—						
Bhuj	79.0	50.3	64	..	0	—0.15
Dwarka	20 1	60.3	79	..	0	—0.09
Veraval	77.4	59.8	42	..	0	—0.40
Rajkot	79.6	46.3	43	..	0	—0.28
Bhavnagar Para	79.8	50.2	43	..	0	—0.31
Surat	82.4	66.3	52	..	0	—0.15
Ahmedabad	82.2	54.4	35	..	0	—0.21
Deesa	81.8	47.4	40	..	0	—0.20
Neemuch	73.9	45.8	45	..	0	—0.38
Indore	76.1	46.1	50	..	0.86	0.30
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	72.9	43.9	70	..	2.76	1.96
Saugor	73.2	48.2	42	..	0.32	—0.67
Hoshangabad	75.1	47.4	61	..	1.43	0.46
Khandwa	80.4	45.6	62	..	1.08	0.38
Akola	81.2	49.9	64	..	2.42	1.19
Amraoti	80.8	50.3	42	..	0.45	—0.69
Nagpur	79.2	53.3	46	..	2.59	1.27
Chanda	81.7	53.0	70	..	0.63	—0.46
Raipur	78.3	51.2	60	..	1.36	1.07
KONKAN—						
Bombay	80.9	66.3	63	..	0.71	0.25
Ratnagiri	80.1	63.1	55	..	7.26	6.60
Marmugao	78.5	66.3	90	..	3.98	3.84
Karwar	83.6	63.0	68	..	0.40	0.39
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	81.5	45.1	50	..	1.33	0.68
Ahmednagar	76.4	55.5	62	..	0.66	—0.34
Poona	78.4	50.5	65	..	1.91	0.88
Sholapur	83.8	60.4	68	..	8.28	6.91
Bijapur	82.3	60.3	78	..	9.47	8.28
Belgaum	90.0	53.8	77	..	10.67	8.66
Aurangabad	79.2	55.1	89	..	0.58	—0.22
Nizamabad(Indur).	80.4	56.7	71	..	1.34	0.60
Hyderabad	76.8	61.8	89	..	2.44	1.39
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalore	87.0	67.8	71	..	4.75	1.48
Calicut	85.0	70.8	82	..	5.70	—0.17
Cochin	90.4	71.8	71	..	4.60	—3.39
Colombo	85.7	69.3	94	..	10.07	—7.91
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	81.3	65.2	85	..	10.85	4.80
Bellary	87.6	60.7	76	..	2.17	0.69
Cuddapah	86.5	60.3	72	..	3.49	—0.09
Madras	88.5	70.2	73	..	18.08	—1.07
Bangalore	70.8	61.0	84	..	10.14	6.80
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	88.9	69.2	76	..	2.88	—4.79
Negapatam	86.1	72.1	78	..	12.48	—14.41

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 2nd January 1917 was 30.152 inches For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .128 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

PARISIAN DAIRY CO., Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, for high class Table, Butter, Rich Cream and Milk. 663

SEARCH LIGHT POCKET ELECTRIC LAMP

FITTED WITH PERMANENT SWITCH.

Constructed of best material and finished the very best style.

Price Complete Lamp Rs. 5

Price Extra Dry Battery N. 1689 As. 12

Fitted with Dry Batteries and Metallic Filament Powerful Bulbs.

HIGH CLASS LAMP & STOVE DEPOT, Abdul Rehman St. near Market, BOMBAY

JAPANESE PILSENER BEER

replaces

GERMAN PILSENER.

JAI NIPPON BREWERY COMPANY.

The largest Brewery in Japan monopolising Japan and the Eastern Markets.

ASAHI BRAND

The Best Brand in Japan. Nothing to match it in quality

Sub-Agents:

J. C. OOMRIGAR & CO.

D. D. BARIA & CO.

P. C. SHROFF & SON.

M. P. BARIA & CO.

BOMBAY.

THE HEAVIEST LOAD ON EARTH IS THE LOAD IN THE STOMACH. . . .

Do you feel that load yourself after meals? If so take a dose of

ATLAS TONIC

and it disappears. As a digestant, it regulates the bowels and cures constipation and dyspepsia. It has no equal as a brain and nerv food, and is a boon to those who suffer from nervous exhaustion, brain fag or general debility. By rendering digestion easy and by feeding the brain and nerve tissues ATLAS TONIC stands incomparable as a remedy for

SLEEPLESSNESS.

OF ALL CHEMISTS.

MADON SONS & Co.

CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY.

THERMO FOX

"WHAT IS THAT"?

It is an Electrical apparatus which boils water, milk, soup or any kind of liquid in a minute.

"Have you got Electric Current"? If so, why not buy ONE to save your time, trouble and money as it is the cheapest, and easiest way for boiling water, milk, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

D. P. NANAVUTY & Co.,

7, Green Street, next Bombay Bank,

BOMBAY.

C. BHOGILAL & Co.

MARBLE & TILES MERCHANTS.

MARBLE FLOORING

Importers of White and Black Marble, Tiles, Slabs and Blocks White Glazed Tiles, and Tiles of every description for floors, Walls, Furniture and Mosaic Tiles Polishing Materials Cement, etc.

CONTRACTORS UNDERTAKEN

Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY.

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G. W. Reynolds in 13 Vols.

Printed in Bold type and on Superior glazed paper.

Original price Rs. 30-0-0.
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Six Vols. at a time, price Rs. 3-12-0.
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K. JONES & Co.,

PRINCE BUILDINGS, MEADOWS ST., FORT, THE HOUSE IN BOMBAY for Glazing SHIRTS & COLLARS to Perfection

The Celebrated Indian Confectioner

AMICHAND GOVINDJI

The Oldest and most Popular Confectionery Depot in India.

(Established over Half a Century Ago.) Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaik Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.

'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following Certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govindji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman.*

(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary.*

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various description and sizes.

THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALVAS of different description such as (*a*) Mahim Halva (or Viv). (*b*) Saffron Halva with almonds, (*c*) Gummy Halva, (*d*) Rose scented Halva. (*e*) Vanila Halva, (*f*) Muskati Halva, (*g*) Ice Cream Halva (*h*) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous Public are requested to give us a trial.

JAPANWALLA

Shaya—Amrat

is the best Japanese cure for consumption asthma, cough and all diseases of respiration with wheezin Price 8 annas per bottle.

Sole Agent:—O. J. HASSAN & CO

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IT WILL PAY YOU

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ONLY FROM

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54-56, Hornby Road, Fort,

BOMBAY.

N.B.—All kinds of amateurs' works an repairs to cameras &c., carefully executed.

TRIKAL DARSI AINA.

Read this advertisement and send us order at once if you wish to "know Present Past and Future." This is the only means to know three times. We have received hundreds of certificates for its wonder. Children, women and men having faith can foresee their thoughts and their results. You easily get the news from your friends and relations from distant and foreign countries. Whether a particular thing will happen, what will be the consequences of a particular thing; events of Warfare, Profit and Loss in trade, increase and decrease of rates of articles, results of examination, service and such questions are at once satisfied by our "Aina."

WITH POSTAGE AND PACKING.

Big Crystal Aina ... ... Rs. 6—0—0

Crystal Aina ... ... ,, 3-12—0

ASHABHAI YAGJIBHAI PATEL,

Post Karamsad,

Via Anand District Kaira.

BETTER THAN THE BEST

BIKSON'S COFFEE

gives you drink a that's at once fragrant, delicious and better than the Best. Taste it!

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY

THE ROYAL YAKUTI

(ANANG VILAS.)

This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. It has a wonderful property of increasing the nerve power and is a specific for diseases. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities among Rajas, Maharajas and many of our esteemed customers. But we have ventured to give it publication simply with a view to place it before the general public owing to the demand of several friends, It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of the our invaluable medicine. We would not like to blow the trumpet as is the fashion of the day, but suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the efficacy of Ayurvedic and Unani mtdicines. We recommend it also to those persons who desire to tone up the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It restores strength and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires, it is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin containing 40 pills, Rupees ten only. Postage extra. No. PARHEZ necessary.

Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot, Kathiawar.

I. C. O. SALAD OIL

For Salads and Cooking

Our old grocer knew how to start us off right" said the bride "it's the pride of the pantry. With it we are fixed for company.

For making Mayonnaise French Dressing and the like, it replaces olive and other imported oils with equal satisfaction and the cost is a great deal less. For general cooking and frying it safely takes the place of ghee or butter at one third the price.

Sold by all progressive dealers in 1lb., 3½lbs., and 35lbs. tins.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE

Indian Cotton Oil Co. Ld.,

Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

(Phone 2126.)

FRESH CONSIGNMENT HAS COME FOR CHRISTMAS.

Messrs. TAJBHOY & Co.

HIGH CLASS FOOTWEAR MERCHANTS

BARJA MANSION OPP. CRAWFORD MARKET

BOMBAY.

BOOT COMFORT FOR GENTLEMEN.

BEST BRITISH MADE BOOTS AND SHOES

LATEST STYLES

WE YIELD TO NONE IN

Variety of Stock, in Reliability of Quality of our Goods and Uniformity of Prices.

WE CATER FOR ALL TASTES.

Tennis Shoes a speciality.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, Dec. 30th.

Linseed Calcutta Dec./Jan. Nominal — 103

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(By our Commercial Correspondent.)

Jan. 2.

The market to-day opened steady and M. G. Broach was quoted at Rs. 387 but on speculative buying and covering in the Bazaar touched Rs. 390, and has fluctuated some Rs. 3-4 during the day. Some business is reported in K. Akola styles.

Ready cotton is in poor demand.

We quote:—

G. M. G. Broach 389½.

F. G. Bengal 284.

T. K. Akola 383.

Messrs. PATEL BROS' APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS AT MID-DAY.

Bombay, Jan. 2nd.

DESCRIPTION.		Jan 1917	Mar. 1917	April 1917	SPOT. COTTON.
Broach,	Good M.G.	—	—	388	—
Broach,	Fine M.G.	400/1	—	—	New
Bengal,	F.G. M.G.	284	—	—	276/86
Bengal,	Fine M.G.	308	—	—	290/00
Bengal,	Superfine M.G.	—	—	—	300/14
Rajputana,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	—
Sind Panjab,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	286/96
Kham./Akola	Fine M.G.	387	—	—	365/85
Ellich/Amraoti,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	363/87
Dhamg./Pulgaon,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	376/90
Yeotmal,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	375/90
Nagpore,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	386/96
Hingt./Wardha,	Fine G.M.	—	—	—	—
Khandeish,	Fine M.G.	376	—	—	360/75
Khandeish,	F.G. M.G.	358	—	—	326/40
Khandwa Sanawad	F.G. M.G.	—	—	—	—
Jalna	F.G. M.G	—	—	—	355/65
Indore,	F.G. M.G.	—	—	—	—
Ujjain,	F.G. M.G.	—	—	—	—
Nander,	F.G. M.G.	—	—	—	—
Mathia,	Fine M.G.	—	—	—	—
Mathia,	F.G. M.G.	—	—	—	—
SawGinned Dharwar	Good	—	—	—	376/85
Coompta,	Good M.G.	—	—	—	385/15
Westerns,	Good M.G.	—	—	—	386/95
Westerns,	Good F.G.	—	—	—	366/76

THE BOMBAY COTTON EXCHANGE CO., LTD.

Market Quotation for Ready and Forward Delivery Contracts as fixed by the Rate Committee of the Exchange.

COLABA, 2nd January, 1916, 5-30 p.m.

Growths.	Super-fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals (M.G.)	310	298	285	—	1/25th Jan. 17
Bengals (M.G.)	320	303	290	—	Ready
Scinde-Punjab (M.G.)	320	305	292	—	Ready
	—	299	288	—	1/25th Jan. 17
Khandesh (M.G.)	—	372	354	—	Ready
	—	375	360	—	1/25th Jan. 17
Jalna (M.G.) G.S.	—	—	370	—	Ready
Barsee (M.G.) G.S.	—	—	355	—	Ready
Oomra M.G. (Fair -Staple)	—	382	357	—	Ready
	—	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—
Akola Khamg. Karanja (M.G.)	—	355	340	—	Ready
	—	381	366	—	1/25th Jan. 17
	—	—	—	—	—
Oomrawatee descriptions (M.G.)	—	386	371	—	Ready
	—	370	364	—	1/25th Jan. 17
Dhamangaum	—	391	376	—	—
Poolgaum (M.G.)	—	385	370	—	—
Yeotmal (M.G.)	—	397	382	—	—
	—	390	375	—	—
Nagpore	—	402	387	—	—
Kamptee (M.G.)	—	396	380	—	—
Wardha H'ghat (M.G.)	—	404	389	—	—
	—	397	382	—	—
	—	402	—	—	1/25th Mar. 17
Broach (M.G.)	—	—	—	390	1/25th Ap. 1917

ASTHMA

Radical and Sure Cure.

HYDERABAD, DECCAN.

FROM

K. C. CHATTERJI, F.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., F.R.C.I., LONDON.

TO

MESSRS. K. P. RAY & J. P. RAY BROS., Benares City.

DEAR SIRS,

Your wonderful specific for Asthma was brought from you by the request of Justice Aziz Mirza, High Court Judge of H. H. the Nizam's Government. The Medicine was applied to the Justice's son and he was glad that no more relapse has been seen up to this time. Justice Aziz Mirza wants me to write to you about this. You may make use of this letter to make the public know that your medicine for Asthma works like CHARMS to the patients.

Yours faithfully,

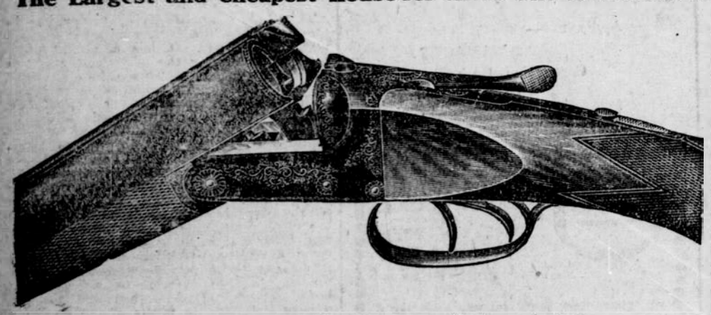
KALI CH. CHATTERJI, F.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., F.R.C.I., (LONDON), *Dy. Magistrate*, HYDERABAD (DECCAN).

NOTE:—Correspondents are requested to quote this paper.

(6)

GOOLAMHOOSAIN ALLIBHOY & SONS

The Largest and Cheapest House for Arms and Ammunition.



Catalogue now ready and Post Free on application. Apply to

GOOLAMHOOSAIN ALLIBHOY & SONS,

Arms and Ammunition Dealers,

252, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY

Telegraphic Address: "BANDUKWALLA."

Surat (M.G.)	—	—	—	—	
Mathia (M.G.)	—	370	356	—	Ready
	—	372	357	—	1/25th Jan. 1917
Bhagalkote-Bijapur (M.G.)	—	—	—	405	April/May 1917
	—	—	—	—	
Sawgd. Dharwar	—	—	—	408	April-May 1917
	—	—	—	—	
Westerns (M.G.)	—	—	—	402	May.-June 1917
Westerns (H.G.)	—	—	—	392	May.-June 1917
	—	—	—	—	
Compta (M.G.)	—	—	—	410	May-June 1917
	—	—	—	—	
Miraj (M.G.)	—	—	—	410	May-June 1917
	—	—	—	—	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Jan. 2nd—4 p.m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

		Bazaar Terms. Rs. a. p.			Ball Delivery Rs. a. p		
Ready.							
Wheat, White Delhi 70-80	—	47	0	0	7	3	0
" White Cawapore 70-80	—	47	0	0	7	3	0
" Kamachi Bangla	—	47	0	0	7	3	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	—	6	9	0	6	15	0
" Brown Cawapore	—	6	8	0	6	14	0
" Yellow Cawapore	—	7	0	0	7	6	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	—	9	12	0	10	2	0
" Brown Thin	—	9	9	0	9	15	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	—	49	0	0	10	2	0
" Gajar 75-25	—	47	0	0	9	13	0
" Black	—	41	0	0	8	4	0
" Gajar 50-50	—	45	0	0	9	5	0
Poppyseed, White	—	7	4	0	7	12	0
Groundnuts	—	43	8	0	—	—	
Mowraseed	—	4	0	0	4	4	0
Jowa	—	22	0	0	4	14	0
Arandia	—	41	0	0	—	—	
Forward.		Rs.	a.	p.			
Wheat April-May	—	6	9	0			
Linseed May	—	11	3	9			
Teelseed White 85-15 Dec./Jan.	—	10	2	0			
" Gajar 75-25 Dec./Jan.	—	9	13	0			
" Gajar 50-50 Dec./Jan.	—	9	5	0			
" Black Dec./Jan.	—	8	4	0			

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

MILLS.

(From our Correspondent.)

Jan. 2.

	Open-ing.	Mid-day.	Clos-ing.
1 Ahmedabad Advance	...	...	950
2 Bombay Cotton	...	...	260
3 Bombay Dyeing	...	...	890
4 Bombay United	...	...	796
5 Century	...	...	300
6 Central India	2240	2205	2180
7 China	...	...	350
8 Colaba	...	...	1315
9 Crescent	185	198	187½
10 Currimbhoy	307½	305	310
11 David	500	...	500
12 Edward Sassoon	...	...	...
13 Emperor Edward	...	...	570
14 Fazalbhoy	590	590	595
15 Framji Petit	...	...	1250
16 Finlay Muir	...	...	255
17 Hindustan	...	...	...
18 Indian Bleaching	240	245	250
19 Indore Malwa	365	...	365
20 Jamshed	...	...	60
21 Kohinoor	...	...	695
22 Laxmi Cotton	...	...	1325
23 Madhavji Dharamsi	1420	...	1415
24 Maneckji Petit	...	...	1550
25 Morarji	...	...	2560
26 New Great Eastern	...	...	180
27 New City	...	...	950
28 Phoenix	...	...	200
29 Pearl	440	435	432½
30 Sholapur	...	...	5150
31 Standard	1410	1412½	1415
32 Sun	...	...	45
33 Swadeshi	...	...	1715
34 Swan	...	...	270
35 Simplex	595	...	595
36 Textile	...	...	1480

BANKS, &C.

37 Bank of Bombay	...	...	1565
38 Bank of India	...	...	87
39 Boy. Merchant Bank	...	...	...
40 Central Bank	...	...	27½
41 Eastern Bank	...	...	61
42 Godaury Valley	...	...	...
43 Gujarat Railway	...	...	...
44 Indian Cement	...	...	405
45 New Mofussil Co.	...	...	...
46 Volkart Co.	...	...	...
47 Boy. Burmah Td. Co.	1085	1090	1095
48 E. S. & T. Co. Ord.	335	...	337½
49 E. S. & T. Co. Perf.	...	...	...
50 E. S. Steam N. Co. Ord.	...	...	280
51 E. S. Steam N. Co. Pref.	...	...	...
52 Port Canning	...	...	...
53 Tata Iron S. Co. Ord.	307½	310	312½
54 Tata Iron S. Co. Dif.	1115	...	1120
55 Tata Iron S. Co. Pref.	...	...	...
56 Tata Hydo E. Co. Ord.	...	...	1140
57 Tata Hydo E. Co. Dif.	...	...	...
58 Tata Hydo E. Co. Pref.	...	...	...
59 Silver	...	...	...
60 Silver Option	...	...	...
61 Govt. Paper	...	...	...
62 Govt. Paper Option	...	...	...
63 Municipal Bond	...	...	...
64 Port T. Bond	...	...	...
65 War Loan	...	...	49
66 Sivaltajapoor	...	...	...
67 Cutuni Ord.	...	...	305
68 Cutuni Dif.	...	...	1060
69 Buindie C.	...	...	23

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF COAL SUPPLIES.

A Press communique issued by the Railway Board, dated Delhi, the 28th December, 1916, states:—

On 21st December, 1916, the Government of India issued a communique to the press that they would at once take such steps as might be necessary to regulate in the general interest the supply of coal available after satisfying the Government requirements and that for this purpose a small Committee would be appointed which would be invested with the necessary powers.

The Government of India have now appointed the following gentlemen members of the Committee, viz.:—

Sir Robert Highet (Chairman); Mr. A. C. Banerjee, representing the Indian Mining Federation; Mr. R. W. Church; and Mr. B. A. White, representing the Indian Mining Association.

The Bombay Government have also been invited to nominate a member on the Committee to represent the interests of Bombay.

The Committee are being empowered to issue such instructions as may be necessary to the railways concerned with regard to the supply of wagons at the coal mines. In order to enable the Railways to comply with these instructions, a notification is issuing to-day under Section 147 of the Indian Railways Act exempting the Railways from any obligation which may rest on them in the matter of the supply of wagons under Section 42 (2) of that Act.

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WATCH & CLOCK DEALER,

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BOMBAY.

BANKS.

Names and Amount paid up.	Face value.	Div. Paid.	Last Div % p.s.	Quotations nett to buyers.
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad Bank ..	10	Jan.-July	*18%	305
Alliance Bk., of Simla, Ltd. ..	100	Jan.-Aug.	14%	336
Bank of Baroda Rs. 50 ..	100	Feb.-July.	9%	73
Bank of Bombay ..	500	..	15%	1,555
Bank of Bengal ..	500	Jan.-July .	16%	1,640
Bank of India Rs.50	100	Feb.-July	7%	84
Bank of Madras ..	500	do.	12%	1,275
Central Bk. of India Rs. 35	50	..	5%	28
Central Co-op., Bk., Rs. 50	50	..	6%	32
Standard Bk. { O 50 / P 50	100	Jan.-July	Nil.	6
	100	do.	Nil.	22
EXCHANGE BANKS.	£			
Chartered Bank ..	20	Oct.-April	15%	£62½
Eastern Bank Ltd.	£10	March	5%	65
Mercantile Bank .. £ 12½ A ..	25	..	10%	£23
12½ B ..	25	..	10%	£22
Hongkong and Shanghai Bk. Corporation	$ 125	Feb.-Aug.	33%	£80
National Bank of India £12½ ..	£25	Sept.-Mar.	16%	600

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

			Last half Year Div.	
Ahmedabad Advance	500	May.	40	980
Bihtmani Cotton Mill	100	..	3	90
Bo. Cotton Manfg.	500	Nil.	..	285
Bo. Dyeing and Mfg. Company ..	250	..	25	900
Bombay United ..	250	..	30	790
Century	100	May-Nov.	10	305
Central India O ..	500	May-Nov.	90	2,220
Central India P ..	500	Mar.-Sept.	5%	437½ X.D.
Ginna	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	30	360
Colaba Land & Mill .	700	..	55	1,300
Coorla	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	Yr. 50	420
Crescent	100	April.	8	192½
Carrimbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	15	317½
David	250	do.	15	500
Edward Sassoon ..	200	May-Nov.	10	190
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	25	570
Fazulbhoy	250	Mar.-Sept.	25	610
Framji Petit ..	1,000	May.	40	1,310
Finlay Mills ..	250	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	265
Gold Mohur ..	500	..	15	460
Globe	100	..	Nil.	80 nom.
Hindustan	1,000	..	50	600
Hyderabad ..	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	50	1,500
Indian Dyeing and Bleaching ..	100	do.	12½	252½
Indian Manufg. ..	1,000	..	20	320
Indo-China Mfg., ..	1,000	Mar.-Sept.	60	800
Indore Malwa ..	100	Apl.-Oct.	15	330
Jamshed Manufg. ..	250	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	60
Jewraj Haloo ..	1,800	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	395
Kastu rchand ..	1,000	do.	25	1,040
Khandesh	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	35	1,025
Khatao	1,000	June-Dec.	45	1,380
Kohinoor	500	May-Nov.	15	702½
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	Mar.-Aug.	100	1,350
Madhowji Dharamsi	500	April	55	1,445
Mauras United ..	1,000	June-Dec.	50	1,700
Maneckjee Petit ..	1,000	do.	50	1,600
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	Mar.-Sept.	Nil.	85
Morarjee Goculdas .	1,000	..	80	2,600
Nawab of Cambay ..	500	Apl.-Oct.	20	530 nom.
New Great Eastern	200	..	4	185
New City of Bombay	500	Apl.-Oct.	25	960
Pearl	250	..	15	442
Phoenix	100	Mar.-Sept.	8	200
Presidency	1,000	Jan.-July .	Nil.	1874
Sassoon Cotton ..	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	575
Sasson Silk	500	April	Nil.	325
Sholapore	1,000	do.	150	5,300
Sir Shapurji Broacha Mills	Rs. 50	..	Nil.	75
Simplex	250	June.-Dec.	15	530
Standard Mills ..	500	Nov.	40	1,435
Sun	125	May-Nov.	5	55
Swan	250	Oct.	7½	275
Swadeshi	500	Mar.-Oct	60	1,715
Tata Mill .. { O. / P.	500	400	..	650
	500	400	5%	370
Textile	500	May-Oct.	40	1,525
Union Mill	1,000	Apl.-Oct.	Nil.	200
Vishnu Cotton { O. / P.	500	..	Nil.	400
	500	..	7%	630
Western India ..	1,000	..	25	375 X. D.
Mysore Spinning ..	250	Sept.	8%	300

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	Mar.-Aug.	5½%	115
Amritsar Patti Rly.	100	do.	8%	138
Ahmedabad Prantij Railway	500	do.	8%	630
Ahmedabad Prantij Debenture ..	500	do.	4½%	Par
*Central Provinces Railway	100	Jan.-July	5%	106
*Dhond—Barsetti Railway	100	do.	4½%	96
Guzerat Railway ..	100	Nov.-June	4%	97
Hoshiarpur Doab Ry. Rs. 100	100	Apl.-Oct.	4%	116
Mandra Bhon Rly. Rs. 90	100	do.	4%	87
Pachora Jamur Rly. Rs. 75	100	Jan.-July.	4%	65
Sara Sirajganj Ry. Rs. 100	100	Jan.-July	4%	98 C-D
Sialkot Narowal Ry Rs. 75	100	Jan.-July.	4%	112
*Sind Light Rly. ..	100	Mar.-Aug.	7%	145
Tapti Valley Rly. ..	500	Mar.-Aug.	6%	570
Upper Sind Light Rly. Rs. 100 ..	100	Jan.-July	5%	107

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Akbar	750	May.	250	5600
Albert Kurrachee ..	1,000	Nov.	45	850
Bvend's Cawnpore ..	200	Aug.	Nil.	95
Bellary Press ..	275	..	15	100
Broach City ..	200	Oct.	8	120
Fort	475	Nov.	20	800
Godavery Valley ..	100	..	12	100
Harvey and Sabapat	500	July	40	620
Hindustan P. & M. ..	250	..	..	125
Hingolee	100	Sept.	Nil.	70
Indian Cotton ..	125	Oct. ..	6½	125
Jumna Ging & P.Co Ltd.	1,000	..	7%	700
Khamgaum ..	400	Sept.	Nil.	335
Mahmudpura Cta. ..	125	..	7½	100
Maluva	200	Oct.	Nil.	125
Mercantile	125	do.	Nil.	20
Manmar Mfg. ..	250	Aug.	15	245
New East Indian ..	1,000	Sept.	40	1,000
New Mofussil Co., ..	400	Nov.	50	850
New Berar	500	Oct.	25	475
New Prince of Wales	500	do.	40	655
Sind	400	Nov.	Nil.	840
Surat City	200	Oct. ..	18	235
Volkart U.P.Co., Ltd.	500	Sept.	20	522
Vardwan, G.P. ..	150	..	..	101

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown Co.	100	Oct.-May	50		900
All-India U. Co. Rs. 20	100	August.	Rs. 1		4
Baumankua	5	..	Rs. 2		7
Back Bay Bath ..	50	..	6		50
Badham Pile ..	70	June ..	8	X-D	95
Baroda Tram Co., .	100	..	Nil.		46
Brick and Tile ..	80	..	..		100
Bri. Burma Pat ..	600	Nil.	Nil.		6½
Bo. Burma T. Corporation	125	Jan.-Aug.	15H.F.		1,065
B. Electric Sup. { P	£10	Feb.-Aug.	6%		166
and T. Co. Ltd. { O	£10	July.	7½		335
Bombay Ice. Mfg. .	40		Rs. 2		20
Bombay Flour Mill .	500	Mar.-Oct. .	100		1,530
Bo. Land & Building .	400	..	25		380
Bombay Steam { O	250	Mar.-Sept.	12½		240
Navigation Co. { P	250	Feb.-Oct.	6%	X-D	240
Bundi Cement Co. .	10	New Co. . .	Nil.		22½
Central I.M.Co. Ltd	10	April	2		52
City of Bo. Bldg. Co.	500	Dec.-Jan. .	25		330
Delhi Flour. ..	200	Sept.	5		120
Empire of I. Life Rs. 50	500	..	42½%		975
The Eastern { O	£1	Nil.	Nil.		18
Chemical Co. { D	2sh.	Nil.	Nil.		35
Indian Cement Co. Rs. 250	250	..	Nil.		405
	100	..	Rs. 3		315
Katni Cement { O	40	..	Nil.		1,090
{ D	100	..	7%		115
{ P					
Ind. Mercantile In. Co., Ltd. Rs. 20. .	100	Dec.	6½%		15
Indian Cotton Oil Co. { O. Old 1 0 / New / Issue 75	100	Dec.-July .	7½%		105
	100	Dec.-July	7%		80
{ P. 150	250	March.	7%		215
John Roberts & Co.	100	Oct.-July .	15		200
Jost's Eng., Co., Ld Rs. 50	50	July	10%		55
Kemp & Co., Rs. 175	200	do.	Rs. 15		200
Kurrachee Landg. Rs. 75	200	..	Nil.		100
Marcks & Co. ..	100	July	10		80
Mackenzie's Saw Mills	100	..	Rs. 15		202½
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	6%		80 nom.
Marsland Price Co. P	100	..	7%		65
O. Govt., S. Life A. Rs. 50	200	May	30%		500
Phillips & Co. ..	40	July	Rs. 5		50
Port Canning Co. ..	1,000	Sept.	40		740
Shivrajpur Synd etc.	10	..	Rs. 1		52
Sirdar Carbone Gas Co.	100	Mar.-Aug.	8	55 nom.	
Siddeley Ice Mfg. Co.	100	..	6		100
	75	Jan.	6%	X.D.	345
Tata Iron Steel {	30	&	25%	X.D.	1,260
Co. .. .. {	101	June	6%		327
Tata Hydro Elec. { O.	1,000	Jan.	4%	X.D.	1,170
" " P	1 00.	Jan.	4%	"	1,130
Tata Hydro Deb. Com. P.S. ..	1,000	April Oct.	5½%	5% prem	19
		May	40%		200
Thacker & Co. ..		..	Rs. 6		210
Telephone Co. ..					

NEW YEAR'S TALK

IT MIGHT seem funny but any one can "Stand Sitting" 90 minutes on end seeing the Olympia Moving Pictures!

ROME was called Cæsar's home. Adam called Earth his home. Bombay's picture-lovers will eventually call "OLYMPIA" their home.

OLYMPIA'S first thought is their patrons' entertainment and they will spare nothing to add to their Patrons' comfort and enjoyment.

NO FILM can be interesting without being Sensational and it is futile for any one to assert the other way. Some make it their boast BUT OLYMPIA DON'T.

CLEAN and wholesome sensation is what Olympia aim at and every film shown shall have amusement and education combined. Every rupee paid shall be worth a guinea to your mind.

LAUGHTER is always good provided, like everything good, it is not carried to excess. Olympia show films that ensure laughter to a healthy extent.

A RECORD-BREAKER among Serials is the "Iron Claw" and both the Press and the Public are unanimous about it. Olympia want everybody to see it. The concluding chapters are the very essence of Mystery but they let you into the heart of it.

WE REALISE that you want to make the best of your New Year Week and we have fixed a programme, every minute of which will mean delight and profit to you.

S. K. N.

TIME AS USUAL—POPULAR HALF PRICES.

OLYMPIA

SANDHURST ROAD.

FEBROLENE

FREE FROM QUININE

FOR

MALARIA AND ALLIED FEVERS

THE ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD.

Price: 9 As. per bottle.

50, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

K. WADIA, Diamond Merchant,

PURE GEMS, MODERATE RATES, FRENCH MELLEGRAIN SETTING.

PLATINUM AND GOLD ART WORK, GRANT ROAD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "WIREROPE." TELEPHONE No. 1163.

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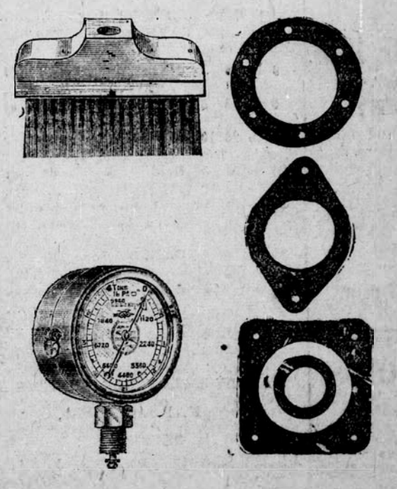
Shipchandlers, Railway Contractors and Mill Sto es Suppliers.



Special Large Dealers in Canvas Manila Ropes, Wire Ropes, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Enamels, etc., etc. and General Hardware.

Strength after fevers

After fevers there follows a period when the organism struggles to cast off the devastating effects of disease and strives to regain a condition of health.

SCOTT'S Emulsion is the one strength-maker needed. It nourishes without overtaxing the impaired digestive organs, enriches the blood, builds up the wasted tissues, revitalizes the life forces and brings back the vigour and energy of renewed health.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Storm and Rain-proof

SHADOWLESS LAMPS with latest improvements For Public Halls, Railways, Streets, Gardens, etc.

From 300 to 2,500 C. P. Light

Illustrated Price List Free.

THE LONDON, EASTERN AND AMERICAN TRADING CO.,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

Celebrated Panacea & Co's "French Pills" OR THE SEED OF VITALITY.

Thrilling wave of Perpetual Youth by its use. A powerful and effective Nervine Tonic for lost Vigour and Vitality.

LITERATURE FREE.

Sole Agents—
The All-India M. G. Bureau,
Up. Circular Rd.,
CALCUTTA

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Parsi: 25th of Tir, 1286.
Hindu: 10th of Posh Sud, 1973.
Mahomedan: 8th of Rubse-at-Awal, 1835.
Sunrise, 7-12. Sunset, 6-4.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

Excelsior Theatre: Miss Ada Reeve and her Co., in "A Modern Eve" at 9-30.

THURSDAY, Jan. 4.

Excelsior Theatre: Miss Ada Reeve and he Co., in Eliza Comes to Stay" at 9-30 p m.

FRIDAY, Jan. 5.

Excelsior Theatre: Miss Ada Reeve and her Co., in "Eliza Comes to Stay" at 9-30.

SATURDAY, Jan. 6.

Excelsior Theatre: Miss Ada Reeve and her Co., in "Eliza Comes to Stay" at 9-30 and Vaudeville attractions at 6 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Theatre: Miss Ada Reeve and her Co., at 9-30 p.m.
Empire Cinema: 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
Royal Opera House, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: at 6-30 and 10 p.m. every Wednesday, Saturday and Monday, 10 p.m., Show every Sunday at 8-30 at Edwardes.
New Alexandra Cinema, Lohar Chawl, Princess Street.
Olympia Cinema, Sandhurst Road.
West End Cinema, Charni Road: 6-45, 8-30 and 10.
New Alhambra Cinema, Sandhurst Road, 7, 9-45 and 10-30.

1ST TROOP BOMBAY BADEN POWELL BOY SCOUTS.

Orders for the week ending January 6th, 1917:—

Wednesday, January 3rd.—Plain clothes parade on Maidan at 5-30 p.m. Individual and patrol drill towards yearly efficiency Cubs—Physical drill and games.

Saturday, January 6th.—Full uniform parade (ceremonial uniform) with staves, at 4 p.m. Fall in at John Connon School Gate under Patrol Leaders. Leave granted only on written application. Patrol Leaders will please notify A.S.M. as to how many scouts will be present.

Tests.—Scouts Balfour and King having satisfied the examiner in Kim's Game are duly passed.

Efficiency.—On and from January 1st. Patrol marks will be awarded for patrol efficiency on every parade, stated in orders.

Subscriptions.—For January are now due and should be collected by Patrol Leaders.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Squardon Orders by Lieut-Col. Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., A.D.C., Commanding.

BOMBA, Jan. 3.

Riding School.—Riding School daily (except Wednesday), for Recruits and members in possession of Remounts, at 7-15 a.m.

Parades.—

Squadron Prade.—The Squadron will parade to-day Wednesday morning. Rendezvous and bandoliers.

Proficient Class.—Proficient Class for N.C. Officers will be held early in January Details will be notified later.

NOTICE.

There will be a series of Sunday Morning Reconnaissance at Santa Cruz commencing from Sunday, January 7th. Members who are able to attend these parades are asked to dine in Camp on Saturday nights, when a series of lectures will be given by Major H. J. Wallis (A.). Troop leaders will kindly advise the Adjutant by Thursday, January 4th, the probable numbers attending the first parade.

(Sd.) E. G. PEARSON, 2nd-Lieut.,
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental orders by the Hon. Lieut.-Col. P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

BOMBAY, Jan. 3.

488. Parades.—No Battalion or Company parades will be held until January 7th.

489. Battalion Duties.—Orderly Sergeants will be furnished by "G" Coy. during week ending January 13th, and "J" Coy. during week ending January 20th.

490. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range will be open from 6 to 8 p.m., daily on and after January 3rd, except Saturday afternoons and Sundays.

491. Musketry.—"B" Coy. is detailed for Musketry at Ghat Kopar from Wednesday, January 3rd to Sunday, January 7th, both days inclusive.

492. Armoury.—The Armoury will be open as follows for issue and return of Arms.

Daily except on Saturday evenings, and Sundays from 7 a.m., to 12 noon and from 5-45 to 7-45 p.m.

493. Meeting.—A meeting of Officers Commanding all Companies will be held at Headquarters on Tuesday, January 9th at 6-30 p.m.

494. Proficiency Examination.—A course of instruction for the annual Proficiency Examination will be held in January and February. Intending candidates should parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m., on Tuesday, January 9th, to obtain full information as to the course, Proficiency candidates will parade on Tuesdays and Thursdays (morning) at 7-15 a.m., commencing Thursday, January, 11th, and on Wednesdays and Fridays (evening) commencing January 10th, at 6-30 p.m., Pencils and note-books to be brought on all parades Dress—Optional.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Major,
Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

NOTICE.

1st Bn. G. I. P. Railway. Volunteer Rifle Corps.

All-comers Match
Distance. 300 yards.
1 Sighter and seven Shots.

Targets 2nd Class figure with invisible 5in. Bull: 12in. Inner: 18in. Magpie; Outer, remainder of Target.

	Prizes.
1st Prize	Rs. 50
2nd ..	,, 30
3rd ..	,, 25
4th ..	,, 20
2 of	,, 15
2 of	,, 10
8 of	,, 5
Total	Rs.215

Entrance fee, Annas 8.

To be fired at Ghat Kopar on 3rd January, 1917.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day.

BAND AT THE LADY HARDINGE WAR HOSPITAL.

By kind permission of Colonel T. W. Bonner, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 5 p.m., to-day.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.

By kind permission of the Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., B. B. and C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, at the Esplanade Band Stand, this evening, commencing at 6 o'clock:—

March—Comrades in Arms ..... Helmer.
Overture—Le Diademe ..... Herman.
Valse—Fairy Dream ..... Winter.
Selection—The Mikado ..... Sullivan.
Idyll—The Land of Dreams ..... Driffill.
Selection—Business As Usual ..... Jones.
Indian (Caracteristiqur)—Kismet ... Markry.
One-Step—The Potted Blacksmith...Morressy.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

No cases of either plague, small-pox or cholera were reported in the city on Monday. The total mortality from all causes was 78. On the corresponding day of last year the total stood at the same figure, while in 1915 it was 56.

REPORTED THEFTS.

Pudumji Vanaji, a Marwari shroff, reports that his shop on Duncan Road was broken into during the night, a cupboard forced open and ornaments of the value of Rs. 647 stolen.

Alsi Haji, an oil-merchant, residing at Elphinstone Road, reports the theft of a bix containing ornaments and cash valued at Rs. 506. The box and some property valued at Rs. 20 were subsequently recovered from a sweepers' gully near the house.

FANCY DRESS BALL AT MAZAGAON INSTITUTE.

The Mazagon Institute held its annual New Year Dance in fancy dress on the 31st ultimo in the Adelphi Hall, when a large gathering was present. The best costume was of Mr. Gillespie and of Mrs. Gillespie who represented an Indian Raja and Cleopatra respectively. Mr. J. Casmiro D'Souza and Mr. P. X. Alphonso represented Parsi and Borah gentlemen respectively—while Miss Annie D'Souza and Mrs. I. Mendonza looked Hindu and Parsi ladies respectively. Odd Portugal was personified by Mr. S. X. Fernandes, Mr. Vincent D'Souza raised the Institute's New Year Toast.

MOTOR FATALITY AT KALBADEVI.

EVIDENCE AT CORONER'S INQUEST

Dr. W. Nunan, Acting Coroner, held an inquest, yesterday, at the Coroner's Court, touching the death of a Hindu male, aged about 75 years, name unknown. Deputy Inspector Histed led the evidence. Genu Darku, driver of a motor emergency wagon of the B. E. S. and T. Company, was present.

Gungaram Raoji, a telegraph peon, said the deceased was crossing Kalbadevi Road from the Bhangwadi Theatre side of the road on Monday and the emergency wagon was going along the road towards Pydhownie. The deceased did not stop though the driver rang his bell. The latter swerved to the right to avoid him but the deceased was knocked down, the waggon passing over him.

Questioned by Mr. B. J. Dhondi, who appeared for the driver, the witness said he had not seen any visible injuries on the body of the deceased. If a very heavy vehicle like this waggon passed over a body, the body would be crushed. He actually saw a wheel pass over the deceased, but he could not say over which part of the body it passed. The wheel might have grazed the deceased without actually passing over him. A Parsi gentleman, who was also there at the time, stepped back and called out to the deceased. The wagon was at first on its proper side and it came on the wrong side of the road as it swerved to save the deceased who had got confused.

Dr. Arthur Powell, Police Surgeon, said nearly all the ribs of the deceased were fractured and the heart split into two. The injuries might have been caused by a heavy vehicle passing over him.

In answer to Mr. Histed, the witness said such injuries could not have been caused by impact.

Replying to Mr. Dhondi, the witness said the deceased was old but not markedly emaciated.

Mr. Bejanji Dorabji, a cycle agent, said two wheels of the wagon passed over the deceased. The wagon stopped about twenty paces distant from the body. It must have been travelling very fast.

In answer to Mr. Dhondi, the witness said that from the circumstances he judged that the wagon was going fast but he did not see the wagon coming and knocking the deceased down. It went so fast after it had crushed the man that it must have been going fast before the accident.

Further enquiry was adjourned.

NAVAL CASUALTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 29.

KILLED.

Lieut William A Carmichael, Reserve.

DROWNED.

Lieut-Commander Robert F Chisholm, Reserve.
Alexander H Gyn, Reserve.
Lieut James R Bucknill, Reserve.
Lieut Philip Harlock, Reserve.
Engineer-Lieut Commander Archibald S De St Legier, Reserve.
Sub-Lieut William Cox, Reserve.
Engineer Sub-Lieut John F Fuller, Reserve.
Surgeon Probationer William S Allardyce, Volunteer Reserve.

DIED.

Engineer-Captain George K Edwards, Volunteer Reserve.
Lieut-Commander James S Douglas, Volunteer Reserve.
Lieut Conrad Jenkin, Reserve.
Lieut Harold Shotton, Reserve.

ACCIDENTALLY INJURED.

Flight-Lieut James E Minfie.
Flight-Sub-Lieut George N V Sewson.

PRISONER.

Lieut Forest H Mitchell, Volunteer Reserve, Royal Naval Division.

KILLED.

Sub-Lieut William C J Williams, Volunteer Reserve.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Captain Albert W Staughton, Marine Light Infantry.

MISSING.

Sub-Lieut Reginald C Whiteside, Volunteer Reserve.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED MISSING, NOW REPORTED KILLED.

Sub-Lieut George N Strang, Volunteer Reserve.

Australian Wheat Board have decided to advance farmers half a crown per bushel on the new wheat crop, which is to be pooled on the same lines as last year's harvest. A portion of the crop has already been harvested. The Commonwealth Bank is financing the operations.

THE EXCELSIOR.

"A MODERN EVE."

The best testimony to Miss Ada Reeve's increasing hold on the Bombay public was afforded by the packed house that, notwithstanding many New Year's day counter-attractions, greeted her Company's opening performance of "A Modern Eve" on Monday night at the Excelsior. It was an exceedingly well-rendered presentation which the audience appreciated keenly and cheered vigorously. Last night too a full house greeted Miss Ada Reeve who, together with her talented company, has won fresh laurels with the Excelsior's new production.

BRIGADIER GERARD ON THE CINEMA.

NEW ATTRACTION AT THE EMPIRE.

Seeing that most of his best-known works have lent themselves to cinema reproduction, it is not surprising to hear that a film-version of Sir Arthur Conon Doyle's "Brigadier Gerard" will be shown at the Empire next Saturday. That brilliant actor, the late Lewis Waller plays the role of the dashing Brigadier, who sets out on a mission to secure some papers for Napolean from Talleyrand, of which it was important the former (then tottering to his fall) should gain possession. In his quest the Brigadier is assisted by the Countess de Roequelaure, a part, played by Miss Madge Titheradge. The two between them ultimately secure the papers but by what means and with what reward it is left to those who do not know the story of "Brigadier Gerard" to learn for themselves.

CITY TRANSPORT.

A NEW UNDERTAKING.

We publish elsewhere the prospectus of a new enterprise, to be called the "Century Transport Co. Ltd.," which has been formed, with an influential directorate, to work as public carriers, for the conveyance of goods, passengers, etc.,—chiefly by means of improved locomotion, in the City of Bombay and other centres in India. The undertaking should prove both useful and profitable.

AN AUSTRALIAN CONCERT.

New Year's Day at the Taj Mahal Hotel was enlivened by a very unexpectedly plesant interlude. A timely ship that got into port deposited four Australians, Private G. H. Fozzard, Private Frank Phillip, Private W. King and Private Norman Maddison, who make up a very talented quartet of amateur musicians. They gave an impromptu concert which went with a rollicking swing and the guests, and are leaving Bombay to-day amid a shower of au revoirs.

KOLABA STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION.

An Alibag correspondent wires:—A large meeting of students from the Kolaba District was held on Monday at Alibag under the presidentship of Mr. Vishnu Vinayak Safre, Head Master, John Elphinstone High School, to start the above association to help poor and deserving students from Kolaba district irrespective of caste. A committee was appointed to take the necessary steps.

INDIA'S REPRESENTATION.

I

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It is certainly gratifying that India's loyalty and the services rendered on the Imperial battlefields have been recognized and his Majesty has been kind enough to confer on India the right of representation at the forthcoming Empire War Conference through her Secretary of State. Although the Secretary of State is of distinguished ability he is not expected to represent India in the same way as an educated Indian, who is familiar with the necessities and aspirations of India. This statement is corroborated by the fact that he has desired the assistance of two gentlemen specially selected for the purpose. Consequently, I think that his Majesty may see his way to appoint an Indian, with or in place of the Secretary of State for India, to represent India in the Empire War Conference and empower the All-India Congress Committee to elect a gentleman who, they think fit, would represent India's rights more advantageously. I trust this matter will have the attention of the authorities.

Before I conclude, I once more sincerely thank his Majesty for inviting the Secretary of State for India to represent India in the forthcoming Empire War Conference.—Yours, etc.,

PURSHOTTAM MULJEE KAPADIA.

II

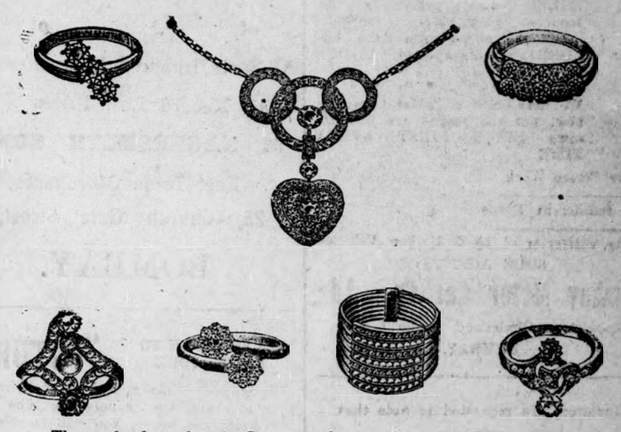
TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Imperial Conference is to meet in February next. At that time the whole British Empire will be discussing various problems regarding the Empire that will shape its future career. India is to be represented officially by Mr. Chamberlain; and of course we cannot expect much gain for India from him. Are we Indians at such a time as this to sit still with folded hands? No, certainly not. Here comes the opportunity,—which when let pass will not come again,—for Indians to show and prove the love for their country. A joint deputation of the Indian National Congress and the All-India Moslem League should at once proceed to England to lay properly the case of India before the British Democracy. Here comes the time when all tall talk will be put to test and the whole nation will watch how its leaders will act. Though much good may not come out of their representation, at any rate, it is the duty laid upon them by India which they must perform. We know what important work the deputation did in the case of the India Council Reform Bill in 1914, and why may we not expect a like result in this case also, all important as it is? At any rate it will furnish the people's case as such to the British people. So we must make all haste if we want to avoid disappointment, as the memorable "Nineteen" did in the case of their memorandum. There is no time to be lost.—Yours, etc.

S. M. R.

The Military Governor of Busra notifies that as breaches of the blockade rules are on the increase offences will in future wil be punishable to the extent of three years' hard labour in addition to corporal punishment and a fine and that abetment is punishable to the same extent as the offence.

FESTIVE SEASON



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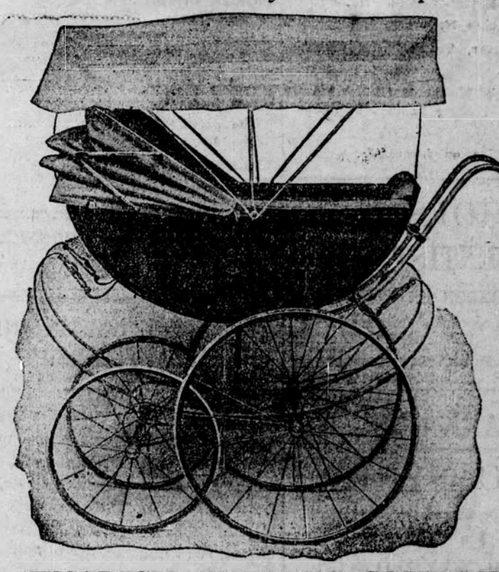

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, January 3, 1917.

MR. LIONEL CURTIS AND HIS "FRIENDS."

In a letter which he has addressed to some of our contempraries, but curiously enough not to this journal, Mr. Lionel Curtis complains that the letter, which he addressed to the Secretary of the Round Table in London for circulation among the groups of the organisation he represents, was surreptitiously obtained and he insinuates that there was something improper in its publication. As a matter of fact the suggestion as to the manner in which the letter first came into the public light is unfounded, according to our information, on which we have reason to rely. But we cannot conceive how in any circumstances any sort of privilege or confidence could be claimed for a document of such a character. In the first place, the letter reveals the existence of plans for the foisting of a cut-and-dried scheme on the British public after the war for the reconstruction of the Empire, entirely opposed to the unanimously expressed views of the educated community in this country, and which would be likely,—as we shall show,—according to Mr. Curtis himself, to lead to such an agitation as would probably bring about bloodshed. That is not the sort of document which anyone into whose possession it accidentally came could with any sense of duty treat as confidential. In politics, in matters so gravely affecting the public interests, ethics do not impose upon the discoverers of schemes of this sort any seal of confidence, however secret may be the intentions of the planners. Secondly, and apart from this, there is no sort of privacy about the document at all, having regard to the fact that it was to be circulated to the groups of the Round Table organisation all over the Empire. Mr. Curtis and his friends are, of course, entitled to take any steps they like to preserve the secrecy of their deliberations, but they cannot complain if those to whom their views and plans spell rank disaster to the Empire and gross injustice to the people of India, having accidentally happened upon their secrets, publish them to the world for the public good. We would only suggest that in future Mr. Curtis, if he wishes to keep these things to himself should employ private printers in whom he can repose confidence rather than trust them to the frail protection of the Government presses so gratuitously placed at his disposal.

Mr. Curtis is also at pains to relieve his official advisers and coadjutors from the inconvenient revelations contained in certain passages in his letter regarding their share in his education and his and their joint schemes, which we are afraid do not admit of any explaining away. According to his own account of himself, this reorganiser of Empire and his friends in England seem to have been supremely ignorant of the conditions relating to the most vital factor in their scheme, and Mr. Curtis himself came to India profoundly ignorant of this country and its political conditions, which he had left over as an afterthought to be airily disposed of after the rest of the Empire had been comfortably provided for. "The possibility that self-government was not an institution appropriate only to European communities," had not "occupied his thoughts,"—we quote his own words though our recollection of his published book does not quite agree. However that may be, such, as he says, was his state of ignorance. He goes on to say that "it was in discussion with the friends named (Meston, Marris and Chirol) that I was first persuaded that self-government was the aim to which British policy in India must be directed." This is a very charming and refreshing picture,—Sir James Meston, Sir Valentine Chirol and Mr. Marris, the colonial-born Inspector-General of Police, interceding with the makers of the new Empire on behalf of India. But on those who understand and are working for the realisation of the legitimate aspirations of India and who know Sir Valentine Chirol and his official friends, and who, above all, have given careful consideration to the published result of their education of Mr. Curtis, it leaves only a cold impression. Mr. Curtis has been given the conventional official view as to India's fitness for self-government. That view, which he has unfortunately accepted, is that India possesses no sufficiently large and unified body of opinion which can be accepted as "the final criterion of Indian policy." The responsibility of final decision must be left therefore in official hands, which are to be considered as knowing better what is good for the people than their own kith and kin, and the day when it can be transferred from those hands to "a section of Indians sufficiently large, disinterested and capable of sound political judgment to assume it," is relegated to a time so remote that it is far outside the range of human vision. There can be no glossing over this acceptance by Mr. Curtis of this hopeless view of India's visible future and if this is the result of his official education in this country he would have done better, for the sake of the problems which he feels himself called upon to tackle, to have stayed away.

Mr. Curtis unfortunately cannot exculpate his official friends so easily as this. His letter, he tells us, has been revised in detail by "Meston, Marris and Chirol" and "it may be taken as representing our joint view." Now, having regard to the entirely political and controversial character of the task on which Mr. Curtis is engaged, this is a most serious statement. We do not desire to take any polemical advantage of this revelation which it may not have been intended to justify. But as it stands, it suggests that Sir James Meston and Inspector-General Marris have not only been guilty of assisting, beyond the permissible limits of official courtesy, Mr. Curtis and Sir Valentine Chirol,—of all people,—in a political undertaking but, until some further explanation is vouchsafed, it suggests further that these two officials have gone so far as to assist Mr. Curtis in devising plans for the future control of India in its relation to the Empire as a whole with which they clearly ought not to have concerned themselves. It suggests, too, that they have not only agreed with him in arriving at conclusions on matters of political controversy with which they should have no concern but that they have aided and abetted him in laying plans for a scheme of Empire to be recommended to the people of the United Kingdom and the self-governing Dominions, which, as Mr. Curtis himself sees, would provoke in India an agitation which would probably lead to bloodshed. The thing is almost inconceivable but it is there in black and white,—Sir James Meston, Mr. Marris, Sir Valentine Chirol and Mr. Curtis, sitting round a table like a quartette of Prussian professors or pan-Germanic generals and cold-bloodedly laying down the necessity of facing bloodshed in the interests of Empire "if it is thought right,"—not in the sense of British Imperialism or any of the ideals for which it stands, but for the establishment of dominion over an innocent people in which colonials who have consistently treated them with contempt and oppression will share.

We do not say this without having given the fullest consideration to the latter part of Mr. Curtis's letter, which we understand he now represents as having been intended to show that India cannot be treated on the lines that would provoke a bloody agitation. If he believes that, it is because he has not thought the matter out competently or because he has unconsciously deceived himself in his anxiety to find the solution of the impossible problem which he has propounded. The effect either way must be the same. He tells us that India in its domestic affairs must continue to be governed by officials, the rigidity of a bureaucratic system being mitigated only by the extent to which the Government can accept "such opinion as there is." All that he can allow, as regards the control of India in her external affairs by a reformed Imperial Government,—in which the self-governing Dominions are to have an equal voice with the United Kingdom,—to differentiate India from Central Africa is that Indian opinion shall be allowed to influence Imperial decisions to the same extent that it is being brought to bear on purely Indian decisions. That is all. If Mr. Curtis cannot realise that such a scheme of Imperial Government would provoke the agitation which he foresees must be faced if it is thought right to treat India like Central Africa, he has learnt nothing. He and his friends must understand clearly that no suspicion of colonial domination will be tolerated. It is not a question of hate. The blame for that is on the other side. It is because,—apart from all the considerations of right and justice involved,—even the patience of a notoriously patient people would inevitably rebel against the intolerable thought of being subjected in matters affecting their external affairs and status to the domination of other communities who treat them as inferiors and helots.

If we have misunderstood Mr. Curtis's letter in regard to the part that Sir James Meston and his other friends have played in helping his plans, we shall be very glad to hear it. The matter is far too grave not to wish that there may be some explanation, but the wording of his letter suggests the construction we have placed upon it, and it is clear that so far as these two officials are concerned the matter cannot rest where it is. Some explanation must be forthcoming, not merely from Mr. Curtis, but from Sir James Meston and Mr. Marris. As regards Mr. Curtis and his views and plans, there is a great deal more that will have to be said in order to counteract the mischief that he has done and is doing, and to rescue him if possible from the errors into which he has fallen.

Notes of the Day.

A False Charge.

It is satisfactory that our evening contemporary has dropped its recent affectation of chaste disingenuousness, and come out in its true colours. Its latest attack on us takes the form of a bare-faced mutilation and misrepresentation of a very important article, dealing with a very important question, that appeared in our issue of yesterday. Not one single sentence of our leader is quoted; not the slightest indication is given of the subject-matter of our discussion. A few phrases are wrenched from their context, without sequence or sense, and sought to be tortured into a "savage" "tirade against Englishmen." Those who have read our article would, we feel sure, agree that this is a miserable perversion of our whole object and meaning.

"Imperialist Boor."

There was no "tirade," needless to say, "against Englishmen," but a specific castigation, as we gladly admit, of a certain type of Imperialist boor who imports the manners of the rubber plantation into the discharge of his public and official duties, and who has done more to impair the fair fame of "Englishmen" in the East than any other agency that we know of. If the "Advocate" chooses to identify itself with the species,—did it not urge, not so long ago, that violence was indispensable to the management of Indian labour?—we can, for once, endorse its judgment. But the exhibition it has made of itself, as every one will see, is really inspired by the baser kind of commercialism to which its instincts readily respond.

India's Contribution.

According to a Lahore telegram the Bengalee Double Company, numbering about 240 strong, has left for Karachi with a view to being eventually drafted to the front. The fact that these men will soon receive their baptism of fire in fighting for the King-Emperor cannot but be received with mingled feelings, of pride that the opportunity has been given them, and disappointment that the scope of the opportunity is so restricted, in so far as the man-power of India has been drawn upon neither sufficiently nor on terms at all approximating to those obtaining in other parts of the Empire. A Colombo paper, drawing a lesson from the Bengali Double Company, and urging the exploitation of all possible warlike elements in Ceylon, says,

"there is scarcely one nationality of the diverse constituents of our population unrepresented at the front. If these men could find their way to Europe unaided or with the help of friendly subscriptions there is no reason to suppose that hundreds, if not thousands, will not respond to the call to enlist for King and Empire."

The same, it need hardly be said, is true of India.

India and Over-Sea Empire.

According to "Indian Opinion" received by last mail, the Empire Parliamentary Association of Great Britain is arranging to send prominent members of Parliament to India on a tour of inspection. The Self-governing Dominions of Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Newfoundland and South Africa have also been invited to send delegates. It is stated that they will visit India "for the purpose of promoting knowledge and interest in the Indian Empire and studying the administration, political development, industries, and agriculture of that country." If this excellent purpose is carried out in the right spirit,—that is, if the delegates come not as mere commercial travellers seeking fields for industrial and commercial exploitation, or as political empirics trying to verify their pre-conceived theories, but as earnest and dispassionate enquirers desiring to educate themselves as to the present conditions of the country and the aspirations of its people,—the arrangement should be mutually beneficial. They will find that India is not a mere cooly-producing area but, as stated in the public announcement of the tour, an "Empire" in itself, with distinguished men, educated like themselves, and their equals in administrative ability and statesmanship,—men with still-living traditions and monuments of a culture and civilization more ancient than their own. We welcome the idea.

Indian Ship-Building.

A correspondent, writing to the "Statesman," says that prior to the introduction of the modern steel-built ship, the building of wooden ships was a considerable industry in Calcutta. The fact is important in view of the indication which "The Times" Engineering Supplement of November 24 gives, of the revival of the wooden ship in the form of what is known as the auxiliary sailing ship, namely, a sailing ship fitted with a comparatively low power oil engine. It is stated that at least 100 of these ships are now under construction in the United States, Canada, Norway, Sweden and Denmark. Wooden construction has been especially developed on the Pacific coast of America, where new shipyards have been started for the purpose. It is expected that these ships will be capable of developing an average speed under sail, when the wind is favourable, and under power at other times, of about 12 knots; that they will be capable of carrying in a given time twice as much cargo as the same ship without auxiliary power. The cost of the motor installation is, therefore, expected soon to repay itself. The question naturally arises whether it would not be possible to take advantage of the present opportunity by reviving the Calcutta ship-building industry.

India and the Imperial Conference.

Some errors occurred in the report of Mr. Horniman's speech at the Moslem League telegraphed by the Associated Press which it is desirable to correct. The speaker did not say that "the cable to the Viceroy from the Secretary of State was an afterthought" and that "in all matters about India there was an afterthought." He said that "the invitation to the Secretary of State to represent India had the appearance of an afterthought and he was sorry to say that in a good many Imperial matters India came in as an afterthought." Again, he did not say that the desire to volunteer for service in the war did not exist now. He said "he did not think it existed to the same extent as at the beginning of the war and that, having regard to the way in which Indian aspirations in this respect had been ignored, he did not see how it could." Nor did he say that "they could not be blamed for supposing that the Secretary of State would sit in the Imperial Council with the object of preventing India from realising her aspirations on self-respecting terms," but that "having regard to what had happened in the past the representation of India by the Secretary of State alone was not a sufficient guarantee that the self-respecting terms on which Indians desired to share in the further prosecution of the war would be fully realised." The reporter was seated some distance behind the speaker at the back of the platform, which accounts perhaps for his not having clearly understood what was said in certain respects.

A Behar Example.

The report of the working of district boards in Behar and Orissa during the year 1915-16 contains a fresh testimony and tribute to the success with which the opportunity, however meagre, for managing their own local affairs, is being utilised by the people. A gratifying feature of the report from the Commissioner of Divisions is the increasing attention that is shown to have been paid to education, to medical relief, and sanitation. In spite of the fact that, owing to the exigencies of provincial finance, there could be no increase in the grants for educational purposes placed by the Government at the disposal of district boards, the latter increased their expenditure on education by nearly one and three-quarter lakhs of rupees on such important objects as the construction and repair of school buildings, the payment of enhanced stipends to teachers, increased grants to aided schools and the purchase of furniture and apparatus, that are calculated to promote the efficiency of primanry education. The Lieutenant-Governor indicates the lines on which he believes further sound progress may be made in the direction of local self-government, and he urges the formation of union committees at all important centres where the conditions are favourable. The conditions for this particular reform, as well as for others, are sufficiently favourable. What is needed is a bold move forward and a continuously progressive and practical policy.

HIS MAJESTY AND BOMBAY.

NEW YEAR GREETINGS.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has despatched the following telegram to His Majesty the King-Emperor:—

"On behalf of my Government and the Princes and People of the Bombay Presidency, I tender to His Majesty the King-Emperor our loyal greetings and good wishes for the New Year."

His Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to reply in the following terms:—

"I sincerely thank you for the loyal greetings and good wishes which you have addressed to me on behalf of your Government, the Princes and People of the Bombay Presidency. May my Empire's efforts during the coming year be blessed with victory and a lasting peace."

MAHARANI OF PANNA.

ENTERTAINED AT BHAVNAGAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
BHAVNAGAR, Jan. 2.

In honour of the visit of the Maharani of Panna, who is the daughter of the Maharaja of Bhavnagar, the step-mothers of his Highness gave a garden party to the ladies of Bhavnagar on Sunday. There was a good gathering of ladies at the Panwadi in the evening, including a number of lady guests of the Lohana community who have come here for their Conference. Lady Pattani made a short speech congratulating the Maharani of Panna on her getting the Kaiser-i-Hind gold medal from the Government in recognition of her services. They also presented a complete silver tea set of beautiful workmanship with a large tray to her Highness, who made a suitable reply and thanked them for their lovely present. The ladies then strolled about the garden and were entertained and partook of refreshments.

THE ALLIES' NOTE TO GREECE.

FIERCE BATTLES IN OITUZ VALLEY.

ENTENTE'S NOTE TO GREECE.

THE DEMANDS.

ALLIED TROOPS MAY SHORTLY LAND AT ITEA.

BLOCKADE TO BE MAINTAINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PIRAEUS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 2.

The Triple Entente's Note to Greece was presented to-day. It demands the reduction of the Greek forces outside the Peloponnesus to a number absolutely necessary to maintain order, the transportation to the Peloponnesus of all armaments and munitions exceeding those corresponding to this force, the prohibition of meetings of the reservists and the carrying of arms by the civilians, the restoration of the Allied control, the immediate release of political prisoners, the indemnification of those who suffered unjustly in consequence of the events of December 1st, the removal of the officer responsible for the orders given on December 1st, the apologies by the Greek Government to the Entente and the public salute of the Allied flags.

The Note intimates that the Allied troops may shortly land at Itea and be conveyed to Salonika by the Larissa railway.

The Note reserves full liberty, in the event of the Greek Government giving further cause for complaint. It pledges the Entente not to permit the Venizelist forces to cross the neutral zone and declares that the blockade will be maintained until the demands are satisfied.

A telegram from Athens says it is understood that Italy has endorsed the Note.

ITALY ENDORSES TRIPLE ENTENTE'S NOTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
ATHENS, Jan. 1.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

Italy has presented a Note to the Greek Government endorsing the Note of the Triple Entente.

ENEMY AEROPLANE OVER SALONIKA.

ENGAGED ON POSTAL SERVICE WITH ATHENS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SALONIKA, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 2.

An enemy aeroplane has been passing over the town daily. It is supposed, in addition to spying, to be engaged on the postal service with Athens which, except for wireless, is completely isolated. There are indications that the blockade is very effective.

The scarcity of cereals is beginning to be seriously felt in Southern Greece.

VENIZELOS GOVERNMENT AT SALONIKA.

EARL GRANVILLE AS BRITISH DIPLOMATIC AGENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

It is officially announced that Earl Granville has been appointed the British Government's representative with the Venizelos Provisional Government at Salonika, with the title of Diplomatic Agent.

WAR CONTRIBUTION OF MALAY STATES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
SINGAPORE, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

In the Federal Council the Sultans of Selangor and Perak moved and seconded the annual war contribution of half-a-million sterling, which with the proposed contribution from the Straits Settlements, makes one million from the Malay States.

A meeting presided over by the Governor reported that the contribution of the Straits Settlements to "Our Day" fund was £50,000. Many Asiatics made generous contributions.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdom visited the Framji Dinshaw Petit Parsi Sanitarium—Cumballa Hill, the Maharaj Gaekwar's Officers' Hospital and School of Arts yesterday morning.

H. H. The Maharajah of Jodhpore and Rao Raja Narpat Singh lunched at Government House yesterday.

Mr. F. G. Sly Commissioner of Nagpur, has left Government House.

ALLIES' REPLY.

GERMANY'S CONCERN FOR NEUTRALS!

DISAPPOINTED BY ALLIES' FLAT REFUSAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

A wireless message addressed to the German Embassy in Washington, says the general impression in Germany is that the Entente's answer is verbose and that the flat refusal to end the war is especially regretted for the sake of neutrals who are sufferings from the consequences of the war.

KAISER GETTING SOBER.

NEW YEAR'S GREETING TO EMPRESS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

The Kaiser, in New Year's greeting to the Empress, speaks of clearing Roumania in spite of stubborn Russian resistance. He thanks God for it and expresses the confidence that the year will bring new victories, but adds in a minor key "we hold on".

HOPE OF MEDIATION ABANDONED BY U. S.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

American telegrams indicate that the hope of American mediation is at present abandoned.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

APPALLING ACCOUNT BY TURKISH EX-OFFICIALS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

Trustworthy Turkish ex-officials have given "The Times" an appalling account of what they witnessed during the Armenian massacres.

They saw numerous bodies of men, women and children at Mush, all horribly mutilated. The women were mostly naked. Five hundred women and girls and children were herded in a camp at Bitlis awaiting the arrival of bands of Kurds and criminals, who were ordered to deal with them "in their own way." The informants saw 15,000 bodies piled in ravines and one was filled with the corpses of children. They say that numbers of Armenians committed suicide to escape a nameless fate. The Government officials selected the best-looking women, who were outraged and murdered.

LUNATIC ASYLUM ON FIRE.

64 WOMEN BURNT TO DEATH IN CANADA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
MONTREAL, Jan. 1.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

Forty-six women were burnt to death in a fire at a lunatic asylum at St. Ferdinand, Megantic county during night. There was an uncontrollable panic and many were injured by jumping from the windows. The water was frozen.

IRISH RAILWAYS.

CONTROL TAKEN OVER BY GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

The Government has taken over the control of the Irish railways from to-day.

DEATH OF SIR CHARLES HOBHOUSE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

The death is announced of Sir Charles Hobhouse.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

TO BE PERMANENTLY CONSOLIDATED.

BRITAIN'S ASSENT TO RUSSIAN AIMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PETROGRAD, Jan. 2.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

Sir George Buchanan, British Ambassador, in a speech at New Year's banquet, said peace with Germany whose hands were red with the blood of non-combatants, was impossible until Germany's spirit of militarism was exorcised. He refuted the insinuation that Britain was trying to thwart Russia, and declared that Britain gave whole-hearted assent to Russia's aims and wished permanently to consolidate the Anglo-Russian Alliance. He pointed out that Britain had advanced six hundred millions to the Allies for the purchase of war material, besides what had been supplied direct.

BELGIAN OCCUPATION OF TABORA.

ENTHUSIASTICALLY WELCOMED BY ARABS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

Reuter learns that the Belgian, occupation of Tabora, in East Africa, was facilitated by King Uganda's providing 15,000 porters.

The column fought and marched for months through a dense bush and swamps from which the soldiers sometimes could not be extricated. Thousands of Africans and Arabs enthusiastically greeted the Belgians. The common cry was, "People of fifteen have departed, may they never return." "Fifteen" refers to the minimum number of lashes for trivial offences.

The Germans attempted to characterise the campaign as a jehad, yet simultaneously ordered pig-breeding.

ISSUE OF NEW LOAN IMMINENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

An official announcement states that no further applications for the six per cent. Exchequer Bonds of War Expenditure Certificates will be accepted. This indicates that the issue of a new war loan is imminent.

BRITISH STEAMER WRECKED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

Eighteen survivors have been landed at Queenstown from the wreck of three-thousand-ton steamer Alondra which was wrecked on the coast of Cork. They were rescued from a barren rock. Several died of exposure and 28 are missing.

WAR ON SHIPPING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
FERROL, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

The Danish steamer Danmarck has been torpedoed.

CURZON-DUGGAN WEDDING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

Lord Curzon was to-day married to Mrs. Duggan in a private chapel in Labeth Place.

SILVER MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

Messrs. Mocatta and Goldsmid's review of the silver market for the past year states that a huge demand exceeded the production and probably coinage orders for the present year will exceed the available production.

RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

ENEMY REPULSED NEAR PINSK.

FIERCE BATTLES IN OITUZ VALLEY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 2.

A Russian wireless communiqué says we repulsed the German offensive, southward of Pinsk.

The enemy strongly attacked Roumanians on both banks of the Kazino, eastward of the Moldavian frontier. The Roumanians maintained their positions. The Roumanians were obliged to retire in the region of Patroanu, westward of Focsani. We took up new positions from Focsani to the Danube without the enemy pressure.

The enemy attempted to advance at Roumanula, westward of Brailov, but our rifle fire compelled him to retire in disorder and entrench. Twenty-three enemy battalions attacked our centre in the Dobrudja and compelled us to retire to the next line.

A later Russian wireless communiqué says fierce battles took place in the Oituz valley. The enemy, who was reinforced, repeatedly attacked and captured several heights.

The enemy is stubbornly attacking on the Moldavian frontier. The offensive, north-west of Sewej failed, the Roumanians being victorious and taking many prisoners. The heights on the upper Putna frequently changed hands and remained in the enemy's possession.

The Russians and Roumanians dislodged the enemy from Bordeschi.

ROUMANIANS REPULSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 31.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Jan. 2.

The enemy repulsed the Roumanians north-west of the Buzeuf-Orsany railway. A third enemy attack in the Dobrudja, south-east of Brailov occupied a height in our centre.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Jan. 2.

The Viceroy's war telegram from the Secretary of State, dated the 1st January says:—

The enemy after fierce battles succeeded in pressing back the Russo-Roumanian on the Moldavian frontier in the Oitez pass region to positions north of Horz and east and south of Soimeze. The enemy pressing along the railway northwards from Rimnia Sarat, occupied Bordesti and Balesti but by counter-attacks the Russo-Roumanians recaptured Bordesti. The enemy are also progressing along the Buzen-Braila railway towards the strongly fortified line Gurguesti-Cincea. The enemy have also made some progress in the Dobrudja near the Macin bridgehead.

ROUMANIA'S CONFIDENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 0-50 a.m., Jan. 3.

In the Chamber M. Jonescu made a stirring speech, concluding with the declaration that "confident of victory we accept all pains and all sufferings since it will be given to us to write the epic of Roumania."

FRANCE'S ROLL OF HONOUR.

NEED OF A PARIS "WESTMINSTER ABBEY."

The poet Gregh has put forward a suggestion well calculated to appeal to the French popular mind, and which there is a very likely chance of seeing adopted.

France has never had a Westminster Abbey to serve as a last resting-place to its great men. The Pantheon has latterly been used to this end, the murdered President Carnot being buried there, and recently the remains of Victor Hugo were transferred there.

Gregh now proposes that the huge bare walls of the great building should be inscribed in letters of gold with the names of everyone, be he ever so humble, who shall have fallen at the front with the French Army.

Many thousands have given their lives for their country, but the walls of the Pantheon are large enough to bear their names, and it would be difficult, to conceive a more striking roll of honour.

BRITISH FRONT.

FIGHTING SOUTH OF ARMENTIERES.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY IN LOOS SALIENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

A British communiqué says the patrols entered the enemy trenches at several places eastward of Armentieres. An enemy patrol reached our lines southward of Pilken but was immediately driven out.

The enemy artillery was somewhat more active northward of the river Ancre.

There was brisk reciprocal artillery work in the Loos salient and in the neighbourhood of Fauquissart and Ypres.

FIGHTING ON THE MEUSE.

FAILURE OF STRONG ENEMY COUP-DE-MAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 2.
Recd. 1-30 p.m., Jan. 2.

A French communiqué says on the right of the Meuse a strong enemy coup-de-main east of Dos Chambrettes completely failed. Relative quiet prevailed elsewhere.

ENEMY OFFENSIVE WEST OF AUBERIVE.

FAILURE TO TAKE FRENCH ADVANCE POSTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 2.

A French communiqué says after violent bombardment by trench engines the enemy twice attacked the advanced posts, west of Auberive, in Champagne, but completely failed before our machine-gun fire and grenade throwing.

ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION OF LIQUOR.

ENFORCED IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 1.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 2.

Absolute prohibition is being enforced in Newfoundland from to-day.

(Continued from column 6.)

tude. The report points out that the difficulty of providing sufficient fodder for fattening animals is insuperable, and it is this want of fodder that is at the bottom of the shortage of meat, milk, and fat.

The report quotes striking instances of the difficulty experienced by neutrals in obtaining food. A neutral diplomat, who recently stayed at the famous Kaiserhof Hotel in Berlin, says:—

There was no milk to be had at tea-time. There was no sugar, no butter, no potatoes, no anything.

On one occasion when he was going to dine with the wife of a colleague, she told him that they had nothing to eat in the house, and they must go out and see what they could get; so they went to the largest poulterers in Berlin, where there was not much to be had, but eventually they bought a goose for which they had to pay thirty-eight marks.

Instances are also recorded of fifteen marks being paid for a small chicken, and twenty-six marks for two pounds of leberwurst (liver sausage).

IN AUSTRIA.

In Austria-Hungary, as usual, conditions are worse than in Germany, and all hope appears to be based on the expected Roumanian supplies. The harvest in Hungary has again proved a failure. The task imposed on the new Food Offices is declared to be an impossible one, and foredoomed to failure. Indeed, it is asserted that the longer the war goes on the clearer does it become that the producing power of the Central Empires, taken as a whole, falls short of their needs, and that no organisation and no scheme of distribution can turn scarcity into a sufficiency.

Bread, meat, butter, and other foods are fetching prohibitive prices. Often no meat can be obtained for two or three weeks. Milk is almost entirely lacking. The mortality among the children is terrible. The case is mentioned of a bank porter whose six children, aged between one and eight, all died during August. The poorest dress materials, when they can be bought at all, cost from forty to fifty kronen (33s. 4d. to £2 1s. 8d.) per metre. Imitation leather shoes for children cost as much as 66s., and do not last more than three or four weeks.

THE ENEMY'S STRAITS.

FOOD SHORTAGE IN CENTRAL EMPIRES.

"BEAM ENDS BY MARCH."

In view of the determination of the Allies to carry on the war to a trimphant conclusion, a report which had reached the "Pall Mall Gazette" from a well-informed correspondent dealing with the condition of affairs in the Central Empires is of especial interest. It deals with the month of October.

The German Government are entering on a fresh stage of their campaign for directing the entire energies of the nation towards the one object of winning the war by the complete subordination of the individual to those of the State; but our correspondent is of opinion that, apart from the discontent which such an unprecedented interference with the liberty of the subject is likely to cause, its operation, from the economic point of view, must prove injurious, and will result in still further reducing the available supplies of foodstuff and indispensable industrial goods.

The criticism of the food policy of the Government grows more bitter month by month.

According to a doctor who recently left Berlin after a residence of twenty-four years, the lack of food in the German capital is getting more and more marked, and from a medical point of view, the general state of health is deteriorating rapidly, especially among women and children.

DEPRESSION MOST NOTICEABLE.

A neutral diplomatist who visited Germany in August and again in October told one of his British colleagues on his return from his second visit that he could not have believed had he not seen it with his own eyes that so great a change could have come over the country in two months.

The depression among the people on the occasion of his second visit was most noticeable and the sole topic of conversation was the possible issue of the attack on Rumania. Food conditions had become very acute, and there was a want of practically everything.

Stories are told of big food riots at Kiel, and serious strikes at the Germanic shipping yard, where the sailors refused to fire on the mob.

The harvest in Schleswig-Holstein has been poor, the grain being very light, and the potatoes have been spoilt by too much rain.

A PROPHECY.

From a reliable souce at Berne the correspondent received the following message:

All the information which reaches us here points to the fact that, failing relief, the Central Empires will be on their beam ends by march.

Intercepted letters are said to contain one long string of laments. Here are a few extracts:—

Let us hope that the hour of our deliverance will strike soon, for things cannot go on much longer like this, neither here nor at the front.

The internal condition is, to say the least of it, frightful. Our hearts are dead within us, because there will be no peace this year.

I could write much more to you, but I may not. Things are very bad with us. We are thin and starved—nearly done for.

A man who recently came from Berlin said that the factory hands there—men, women, and children—were barefoot and thin.

We have literally nothing more. It is quite dreadful.

We are in want of everything. Purchasing has become impossible, so that I do not know what to send you. I know now how it feels to be famished.

For the last fortnight we have eaten nothing but potatoes and salt.

I have no potatoes, no meat, no bread.

You have no idea how we are living here. We have no more strength in our bones. I am so weak that I have had to remain in bed for several days this week.

Everything is very dear. We are getting thinner and thinner, and our strength is failing for we have not enough to eat.

Our bad health comes simply from hunger; that is so sad. If God would take my children from me so that they might cease to suffer.

Gunter's father has died. He died from hunger and misery.

Already many women and children have died of hunger. The lack of food is weakening me visibly. I shall blow out my brains if the war does not end soon.

It is like 1870-71, when they besieged and starved Paris. It is just the same thing now in Germany. The people are getting unsettled, and asking for peace.

HIGH FOOD PRICES.

Prices of food remain enormously high in spite of the interference of the authorities; and the general level of prices in Berlin is new 125 per cent. above that recorded for July, 1914. Bacon, for instance, was 2s. 7d. per lb. in September, lard 2s. 10½d., butter 2s. 5d., mutton 2s. 5d., beef 2s. 3½d., and even rice 1s. 2d.

But the most serious food deprivation from which the people of the Central Empires are suffering is the shortage of fatty foods, the lack of which is having a markedly deteriorating effect on their physical and also upon their mental atti.

(Continued in column 5.)

A QUESTION FOR THE PACIFISTS.

GERMANY'S WORTHLESS PROMISES.

An admirable journal, the "Cambridge Magazine," has lately sprung into a fame that extends beyond the interests of the University responsible for its publication, writes Mr. Eden Phillpotts in the "Daily Chronicle." For the careful compilation of neutral and enemy opinion, which it weekly furnishes, has very real value in correcting perspective and offering to thinking men and women an opportunity of extending study in the domain of comparative politics.

One notes, however, in these quotations from the Press of Europe an omission and an inability to approach the war from any but a temporal and practical standpoint. The futility, waste, horror, and hopelessness of the struggle are naturally insisted upon; but even as the neutral nations preserved silence when Germany invaded Belgium; even as they uttered no word, from the least to the greatest among them, against the destruction of all political principle involved by a nation's broken oath, so still, the moral significance of the war and the enormous moral difficulties that immediately rise to the mind at the thought of peace, are slurred and evaded.

Faith is vital in all the relations of humanity, and with individual or nation the knowledge that faith will form no part of an understanding, must perforce under negotiation vain.

Take an institution whose operations are, more or less, familiar to all of us. The Stock Exchange runs on faith. The business of the Stock Exchange is so complex—the factor of time enters so largely into all its transactions—that anything like long-drawn legal precautions and preliminaries are impossible. Thus immense sums change hands and enormous financial interests are daily involved upon no safer or surer basis than man's faith and trust in man.

GERMANY'S BROKEN OATH.

And with greater affairs, involving international undertakings, faith has been relied upon by civilisation as a necessary and fruitful factor of advancement and progress. We have, or thought we had, reached a stage in the evolution of morals when the oath is recognised as of absolute efficacy to bind the obligations of responsible mankind. Yet the broken oath of Germany has not awakened that universal reprobation and condemnation fairly to have been expected, and neutral Powers have uttered no single or common protest at her action. Neither Popes nor Presidents nor Monarchs lifted their voices in the name of religion and humanity before this staggering and reactionary stroke; indeed the neutral mind, as reflected in the writings of the publicists has rather exhibited a consciousness that the Central Nations, by virtue of their geographical circumstances, were bound to proceed in violation of their oaths.

It is a retrograde, unmoral attitude in the affairs of men, an attitude profoundly disappointing to the humanist; and it renders the prospects of peace a thousand times more remote than European writers would have us believe. For if this aspect of the German invasion is to be ignored: if so stupendous a piece of perfidy and barbarism has no significance; if we are to accept the opinion that Germany has conducted the war on recognised lines and is a much entitled to hearing and consideration at a peace conference as the Allied nations, then no sort of basis for understanding is in sight, for justice scouts such a plea. The neutral nations, one and all, appear to assume that nothing has happened to put Germany in another category from the rest of the belligerents. But can we grant that assumption? Can we ignore her inhuman operations on land and sea? Can we, even if the insulted neutrals are willing to do, accept her representatives as standing for a clean-handed, honourable nation, which has fought a fair fight, and to-day deserves the same amount of consideration as those with whom she has fought?

We cannot, and no sane man would claim that we can; but, for the sake of the argument, let it be assumed that the Allies and the Central Powers meet to order peace on equal terms to-morrow. What equal terms are possible? What guarantees exist? How can such opposite ideals be reconciled, or common ground discovered where our values and those of Germany may unite to found a stable treaty?

With longings as deep as that of any State on earth this nation desires peace; but from the moment that Germany entered Belgium, peace on her terms ceased to be possible, unless Europe was prepared to present her with the sovereignty of the earth: while peace on the Allied terms became equally unthinkable, so long as the Fatherland was to be left in a condition to break that peace at her future convenience.

Mr. Asquith's assertion that we should not sheathe the sword until Prussian militarism had ceased out of the earth was no vain rhetoric; it was a bare statement of the only means by which European peace can be assured. And the question that may now fairly be put to pacifists is this. Now, while we are still far short of the vantage ground from which we can ensure peace, shall the Allies parley with a nation whose oath is worthless? What would they have us say to an unbeaten, unbroken Germany?

WHAT DO THE PACIFISTS AIM AT?

If the Union of Democratic Control will show why it is prepared to trust Prussian militarism and its traditions; if it will submit good arguments why Germany at this stage of the war should consent to Allied occupation, since trust is dead, then England might be glad to hear the Union; but those who represent it cannot pretend that a peace which holds one of our sacred objectives in this war has yet become possible. Every man of them knows better, and it is false humanity to suppose that an honourable peace, combined with safeguards for the rising generations of Europe, could be won from Germany and Austria to-day.

Every honest heart deplores the sacrifice and every hand would strive to shorten it; but the stark duty exists to continue, since we are fighting nations whose ideals are opposed to all permanent peace and who will only cease to menace the world's welfare when rendered physically impotent to do so. The temper in which Germany has prosecuted the war, her past red list of assassinations and her present practice of slavery render it difficult to understand those who cry to the Allies to offer her peace; and we have at least the right to challenge such men for some explicit opinion, first as to their conception of peace terms commensurate with the world's martyrdom, and secondly as to how it is humanly possible at present without the application of force to ensure the preservation of peace when made.

We know that an army of occupation would not yet be tolerated by Germany, since that argues defeat; and we also know that without an army of occupation Germany's ratifications would be worth far less than the paper they were written on. That being so, what do the pacifists aim at, and how do they support the futile contention that peace is possible before decision?

MADRAS NON-BRAHMIN MANIFESTO.

DEWAN BAHADUR KESAVA PILLAY'S REJOINDER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Jan. 2.

Replying to Rao Bahadur Thiagaraja Chetty's telegram to the Congress President regarding the non-Brahmin manifesto, Dewan Bahadur P. Kesava Pillay writes to the press as follows:—

"May I request you to allow me to say a word of explanation with reference to Rao Bahadur Thiagaraja Chetty's telegram to the President of the Indian National Congress, published in your issue of the 29th December. Mr. Chettiar says in it that he as the Secretary of the South Indian Peoples' Association sent the manifesto to the Press for publication and that it is quite unintelligible that I should be opposed to the movement to secure real representation in public life and public service to the vast bulk of the population of South India. I have said nothing to justify the charge that I am opposed to any such movement. I may state at once that I have the honour of being a member of the South Indian Peoples' Association, which is started to rouse the Hindu communities now lagging behind to organized and sustained work in the educational field, and to secure their proper share in the public life and public service. So far as I was informed, the letter was meant for circulation among non-Brahmin leaders. Its contents were nevertheless in several places objected to by some of the gentlemen who had been given the privilege of looking into the proof. I had no idea that it would be published in the papers as a manifesto on behalf of the Association. I sincerely regret that I have unwillingly wounded the feelings of my respected friend by stating that it was published by some designing people as a manifesto, although even now I cannot reconcile myself as an Indian and as a non-Brahmin to the thought that the publication was to the benefit of the country or of even non-Brahmin communities. I may venture to assure Mr. Chettiar, however, that I am hoping to be of some service to him as a member of the Association in the laudable endeavour to stimulate to action people who appear to be indifferent to their own and the country's advancement."

NEW TEN COMMANDMENTS.

"THOU SHALT NOT MOP IT UP ALL AT ONCE."

A partnership agreement in the form of the Ten Commandments came before Mr. Justice Neville in the Chancery Division on December 5. The facetious framer of the document began by stating that no formal agreement could provide for all contingencies or make people go straight if they did not want to. There must be give and take, and these Ten Commandments were all that was necessary to form a basis for a working contract.

His Lordship: There is no give and take about the Ten Commandments. (Laughter.)

One commandment was: "Thou shalt be paid a salary of £5 per week once a week every week." Another, with regard to the profits, ran: "Thou shalt not mop it up all at once, or peradventure there might be a loss on some, and a bit must be left to meet it."

His Lordship: That is a commandmen that won't stand on its own legs. (Laughter.)

Another commandment was: "Thou shalt apply yourself to this business with all your strength, health, and energy."

His Lordship: That is a sad break down, "Thou shalt apply yourself."

In conclusion, the author of the agreement said he realised that any lawyer could drive a coach and four through these ten commandments, but they would not meet the intervention of lawyers.

Mr. Ward Coldridge, K.C., said that unfortunately some of the commandments had been broken.

His Lordship: Hope springs eternal in the human breast at the outset of operations.

SIR J. J. HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I hope you will kindly grant some space to the following few lines in your valuable columns.

The Sir J. J. Hospital though a charitable concern, is one of the Government institutions which holds nearly half the number of patients of almost all the classes of the city. I have nothing to criticise in its management, but the time allowed for the visitors, that is between 3 and 5 p.m., is most awkward. Because 3 to 5 p.m. is not the time that could conveniently suit any man of business or of office and even to ladies.

I humbly request the Hospital authorities, therefore, to kindly consider the subject and to be good enough to maitain such convenient time for the visitors as after 5 p.m. as it is in other Government hospitals of Madras, Calcutta and other cities.

J. F. T.

Dadar, 1st Jan. 1917.

STATE SUBSIDIES FOR SCIENCE WORK.

MORE MONEY FOR BRITISH TECHNICAL SCHOOLS.

An important declaration was made by Lord Crewe in mail week in reply to a deputation from the Joint Board of Scientific Societies, with regard to further financial assistance from the Government in aid of scientific research work as applied to industry. He stated that the Government had been impressed by the needs of the hour, and had considered what could be done to assist the great staple industries of the country in developing systematic research on a large scale. It was clear that in the case of large, wealthy industries, where individual firms or limited companies might look for profits on a large scale as the direct result of research, it was not reasonable to suppose that the taxpayers of the country would willingly pay the whole amount to be devoted to such researches. A plan therefore for systematic co-operation between the leaders of those great industries and the Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research had to be devised.

LARGE GRANTS FROM THE STATE.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer was prepared to devote a large sum for the needs of this co-operation, which during the next five years would enable four or five times as much to be spent on this work of co-operation for research between the Government and the industries as had been already spent.

The Government desired to see the creation or adaptation of trade associations on a large scale, which might be able to assess the contribution that an industry was able to make towards systematic research.

There would also be an annual Vote put on the Estimates for grants to individual research workers, professional societies, and research work so obviously of purely national importance that no one would be found to finance it if the Government did not do so.

Here, again, the Government felt that public money ought to be applied in specific and selected cases.

MONEY FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Lord Crewe said that it was proposed to give some further help for technical instruction. He said that the Government had arrived at the conclusion that the present regulations under which technical schools received public money were not quite up to date, and they were going to discuss with the local authorities concerned and the governors of the schools certain new draft regulations which, it was hoped, would both simplify administration and stiffen up the instruction.

They had come to the conclusion that further assistance was required from national funds. A substantial addition would be made in the Estimates so as to permit of a levelling up of the grants to a reasonable figure, and also to make improved arrangements for the training of technical teachers as well as to permit of scholarships being established to carry on selected industrial students to the universities. (Cheers.)

Although in the higher forms of discovery we in this country were not prepared to yield the palm to any country in Europe or out of it, we felt that for the many the path of scientific learning had not been made as easy as it ought to be. What was desired was to make the road easy for those sons and daughters of Britain who saw the beacons of science shining ahead of them on a high hill, which it was their life's work to climb. (Cheers.)

NEW STATE DEPARTMENT.

An official announcement is made of the decision of the Government to establish a separate Department of Scientific and Industrial Research under the Lord President of the Council, with the President of the Board of Education as vice-president, and to place a large sum of money at its disposal for the purposes mentioned by Lord Crewe.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

WASTAGE IN BRITISH NATIONAL RESOURCES.

The "Strength of Britain Movement" have forwarded to every member of the House of Commons a letter on the liquor traffic, of which the following are extracts:—

We have been assured that . . . very few members have an adequate idea of the alarming way in which the liquor traffic is interfering with our Army, our Navy, and our man-power; how it is wasting the food, coal, and wealth of the nation, and offsetting to a considerable degree the magnificent sacrifice of life and limb on the battlefield.

Since the outbreak of war, the liquor traffic has been responsible for:—

1. A wastage of 3,000,000 tons of food, with enough grain to make 2,000 million quartern loaves of bread and enough sugar to keep the entire Army supplied, thereby appreciably forcing up the price of food, as stated by the National War Savings Committee.

2. A wastage of man-power equivalent to the entire Kingdom standing idle for 100 days.

3. A wastage of over 4,000,000 tons of coal, of which there is such a shortage for the Navy, munition works, and dockyards, that 11,000 miners have now to be taken out of the Army—yet the liquor traffic absorbs the entire output of 6,000 miners.

4. A wastage of £500,000 per day, which, deducting taxation, represents a net loss of £120,000,000 per year. Over £400,000,000 has been spent in liquor since the war began.

We should be glad if you would inform us of your attitude on this acute question.

"OUR DAYS OF TRIAL".

SWITZERLAND'S INCREASING DIFFICULTIES.

The unenviable situation of Switzerland through the war is thus set out by the "Journal de Geneve":—

Switzerland is caught between two adversaries fighting to the death. And as with each succeeding day the fight becomes fiercer, so does the situation of Switzerland daily become, more difficult. No matter what our country may do, her action arouses mistrust and suspicion. If we have not enough food of our own, we are known to possess industries capable of a vast output, from which one or the other can profit.

It is as well that our people should recognise that we are probably only at the beginning of our troubles. Our borders are free enough of danger; what runs the risk now is our industry, our right to work; in other words, our daily bread, and this may lead to much bother. When a country is at war its people know well enough that they may be called upon to suffer; but seeing that we are not at war and that on this account all other nations try and persuade us that we are in an exceptionally privileged position, it is exasperating to think that we are exposed at any moment now to see thousands of hands thrown out of work because it may please one or other of the belligerents to cut off our coal, our oil, and our cotton.

In the end, economical embarrassment may prove worse for a small country than war itself; all the more so because it is so difficult to guard against.

Yet we have as much right to live as all other nations, and it is our bounden duty to defend that right. Our days of trial are at hand. If only we all join together and take a firm hand on the grounds of common justice and our signed treaties, we may yet come through them unhurt.

"WHERE GREW THE ARTS OF WAR."

FENCH GENIUS OUTCLASSES THE MAILED FIST.

Interesting notes on the evolution of war equipments since August 1914 are supplied by Mr. Henry Wood, the United Press correspondent with the French Army.

Germany, it is now clear, has been unable to maintain her former superiority in military progress, discovery, and invention, and has to adopt newer and more effective means of warfare developed by her enemies since the beginning of the struggle.

All France admits that 30 months ago Germany rather led the world in military progress and invention. She had been quick to equip her legions with every new device, such as neutral-coloured uniforms. She began the war with an uncontested superiority of equipment, material, and methods. Now she is copying her antagonists. A list of devices which she has borrowed, or stolen or tried to adapt from the French has been compiled and authentically established.

In light artillery the Germans have so far failed to match the French, who originated, developed, and perfected the barrage fire which is now one of the most effective weapons being employed in the present war. The enemy can even yet use this method only as far as his inferior light artillery will permit.

The French were the first to equip their "deadly 75" shells with a prolonged nose and delayed fuse, which prevents the shell from exploding until it has entered deep into the ground. The Germans since July last have substituted all of their universal shells filled with explosives, No. 96 and No. 14, with this new French type of shell.

The French light artillery also discovered the "Ricochet" shell which explodes on the rebound. This, too, is being copied by the Germans.

The French secret of locating precisely an enemy battery by the sound waves coming from its discharge is said to have been since found out by the Germans.

In July 1915 France adopted the steel helmet that has reduced the head wounds in her army 25 per cent. Since then most of the Allied armies, as well as the enemies, have adopted this protection.

"Fas est et ab hoste doceri."

HUMAN GOAT IN A TRAMCAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Last night, I along with a friend got into a tram-car (No. 148). In the tram were two drunken sailors. We both occupied the second bench. One of the sailors at once got up and struck his own head against that of my friend's. I could not see any reason for this behaviour. I only concluded perhaps a wild goat could not bear to see an innocent lamb. I at once thought it advisable to leave the tram. No sooner did I leave the bench than there came a blow as a bolt from the blue to my lip from the hands of the sailor, with the result that I at once made my escape through the front door, while blood was simply gushing out. I at once reported the matter to the policeman (No. 1412). He said he could not do anything. In the meantime the whole tram was vacated, and the two sailors remained as sole masters of it. The conductor (277) and the driver did not interfer The tram was detained for about 20 minuts. After some time two European constables came (not in their uniforms). I approached them with my blood stained handkerchief and requested them to ask the sailors for their names. But they (the officers) quietly sent for a victoria and put both the men into it, and I remained without any knowledge of their names. I at once went to the Girgaum police station and gave my statement there. They said they could not do anything without the names. So I had to leave disappointed.

Now I would request the Police Commissioner to make an inquiry into this affair and give me proper justice.

If the drunkard had been an Indian he would have been simply hauled up there and then. The last day of the year does not mean that blows should be given to the Indians without rhyme or reason—Yours, etc.

N. T. GIDVANI,
Great Punjab Hotel.
Dhobi Talao.
Bombay, January 1st, 1917.

NEGLECTED GRAVE-YARD.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Sewri Cemetery is, as most people know, divided into two broad sections—the Roman Catholic and Protestant. People who do not belong to either of these denominations, free thinkers for instance, and those whose burial, for some reason or other, is refused by a clergyman, unbaptized children and others are interred in a spot thrown as the "unconsecrated ground." It is situated in the northern part of the Roman Catholic section. It is about thirty or fifty feet square surrounded by a thick growth of bushes that distinguishes the spot at once. It is difficult to imagine a more abandoned place than this. There are a number of graves in that dreary enclosure which are coverd by a thick undergrowth of grass, creepers and all sorts of vegetation quite in keeping with the wild aspect of the surrounding bushes. The ground itself is unlevelled, ill kept, in fact completely uncared for, perhaps, since the date of its creation. It has undoubtedly escaped notice because most people have no interest in it. It is however, a disgrace to those responsible for the decent appearance of this grave-yard that this sort of thing should be tolerated for a moment. The Municipality, at least, ought to have seen to this if the religious puthorities, in whose section it is situated, do not care to look after it. One would think that it is designedly allowed to remain in this forlorn and desolate condition just to contrast the state of abandon, even here below, of those who die without the saving grace of a priestly benediction. We had a talk on the subject with the cemetery keeper who admits that the spot has been sadly neglected.—Yours, &c.

X.

REGISTRATION OF MARRIAGES IN THE PUNJAB.

The following remarks are made on the newly introduced experiment of registration of marriages in the report of the administration of Punjab District Boards for 1915-16:—The registration of Mahomedan marriages which was started in Ambala last year has proved successful, and the scheme is already self-supporting. In Lahore the system has been extended to the Lahore as well as the Kasur Tahsil. As some boards do not seem to be aware that the system has a legal basis, it may be pointed out that the registration of births and deaths and *marriages* is a matter which under section 20 of the District Boards Act, Government can entrust to the control and administration of a district board. The registration of births and deaths is already provided for by a separate machinery but in the case of marriages the Government will gladly empower the District Boards to assume control.—"The Tribune," Lahore.

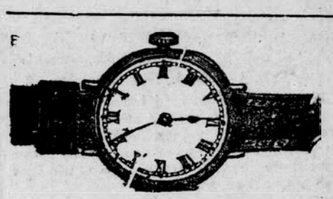
WOMEN'S COLLEGE, BENARES.

In the current number of the *Theosophist*, Mrs. Besant gives the following details of the work undertaken by several ladies in the newly established Women's College at Benares:—"Miss Arundale is settled down in Benares, as the head of the women's educational work there. Miss Browning, M.A., is Principal of the College, and Miss Palmer, B. Sc., carries on her best loved work as head of the school. The Ashrama is in charge of Shrimati Sitabai Devi, a widow, who has it under her complete control and is an admirable head, while Shrimati Padmabai Devi, one of our best lady workers, gives her help freely, and has been very successful in gathering funds for the up-keep of the institution. Miss Arundale tells me that there is now much sympathy with girls' education in the United Provinces and that people are very much more inclined to help it than they were some years ago."

HOW TO LIVE TO 90.

Inqests were held at Hackney on December 6, on two women, aged ninety-five and seventy-nine, who had died in the infirmary, and the coroner, Dr Wynn Westcott, remarked: "If you want to live to ninety these institutions are the places to go to. I never have a person of ninety die in a private house. Another peculiarity is, you hardly ever get a man live to ninety. The people who attain that age mostly widows."

The Maharaja Kapurthala has issued strict orders prohibiting the addition of caste epithets such as "Ahluwalia" and 'Rajputs' to their names by the Sikh Ahalkars of the State. His Highness has thus struck at the root of the *Castophobia* prevailing among his Sikh subjects who are so strictly enjoined by their very religion to avoid caste distinctions.



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THE TIMES, LONDON, says:

"All this great undertaking is on a sound commercial basis and therein lies its great appeal to the charitably inclined. It has another great asset in its favour in that it is replacing German manufactures, not by imitation, but by originality and humour, and building up a new and remunerative industry for Britain."

THE MORNING POST, LONDON, says:

"Visitors availing themselves yesterday of a special opportunity of inspecting the Lord Roberts Memorial Workshops, now being completed by the Incorporated Soldiers and Sailors' Help Society in Fulham Road, must have been astonished by the great scope of the business that has been built up, and still more by its successful working for the benefit of our disabled soldiers and sailors. The organisation is a striking example of commercial efficiency inspired by a philanthropic impulse."

THE YORKSHIRE POST, LEEDS, says:

"Lord Roberts's interest in the 'common' soldier and the kindly sympathy and help which he was ever eager to extend to both soldiers and sailors who had become disabled in the service of their country, make peculiarly appropriate the method by which the late Field-Marshal's memory is thus to be perpetuated. In forming the Lord Roberts Memorial Workshops the organisers have, with the support of the public, put on a national footing a scheme which in its essential 'Bobs' himself did much to initiate and foster. And it is to the eternal credit of many Englishmen that the opportunity to assist in forwarding the Lord Roberts's Memorial Workshops has been eagerly seized. Much still remains to be done to extend this beneficial, self-supporting and nationally wealth-earning scheme. Given the requisite capital, the organisation might be made one of the greatest industrial organisations in the country."

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FRENCH ADMIRAL'S TRUST.

"I regret to state that the situation in Greece is one of extreme gravity," said Lord Robert Cecil, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in the House of Commons on Dec. 4.

"In spite of the formal and repeated assurances of the Greek King and Government that no disturbances would be permitted, a most treacherous and unprovoked attack was made upon the Allied detachments landed by the French Admiral on Dec. 1 and many casualties have resulted, though full accounts have not yet been received.

"His Majesty's Government consider that the responsibility of King Constantine and his Government are deeply involved in this matter, and they are considering, in conjunction with their Allies, immediate measures to secure a radical solution of the situation which has now arisen."

RESERVISTS SECRETLY ARMED.

Mr. George Renwick ("Daily Chronicle") after pointing out that an arrangement was made that there should be no use of force on either side, and that Admiral du Fournet was careful to make that decision on his part quite clear, says:

Such was the position on Thursday morning. Throughout that day the Reservists were called up by means of a sort of unofficial mobilisation.

They were given arms and uniforms, is being announced that this measure was to place the best known Reservists under military control, and so prevent disorder according to the King and the Cabinet's promise.

At the same time, however, arms were secretly distributed to other Reservists, who received no uniforms, and they, with their fellows who had long been in possession of arms and ammunition, played an important part in the tragedy.

THE TRAP.

The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent (Mr. G. J. Stevens), telegraphing from the Piraeus on Sunday morning, says:

It would be useless to attempt to mince matters. We have suffered a complete defeat. Admiral Fournet, in all sincerity, placed faith in the assurances and promises given him by King Constantine. While our mixed force of three thousand French, British, and Italians marched on to Athens, convinced that the Greeks would in no case attack first, their King, Government, and General Staff were preparing a trap into which our force walked. They had twenty-five thousand men at their disposal, and they so placed them as practically to surround the positions which we had previously given notice that we were going to occupy, this notice being given, in order that no cause on our part should exist for friction and collision. Thus, at Philippopos Hill, eight hundred Frenchmen who arrived to occupy the hill found its summit held by Greek troops, while on the Acropolis slopes, facing it on the west, was a whole Greek regiment, with machine-guns, and further large Greek forces were occupying the hills and fields to the east-south-east of it, dominating and cutting off the retreat on the Singros road leading to the shore at Phalerum Bay.

SURROUNDED.

It was a trap into which the Allies walked, and they found themselves surrounded before even a shot was fired. They had to occupy and stay on the lower slopes. When hostilities began they fired their last round of ammunition before they gave in. A hundred of them who were placed further south preferred to cut a way through, using their *armes blanches* rather than surrender, and only thirty out of the hundred succeeding in reaching the shore.

Hostilities first broke out on the southern side of the town, where a French detachment occupied the depot of Bufos. The Greeks admitted on Friday that they were the first to fire, owing, as they explained, to one of their officers losing his head. Their newspapers have been since trying to make out that the Allies fired first, which is absolutely untrue. The fighting then spread to the eastern side of the town, where, as at Zappeion, the Greeks opened a sudden and murderous fire on the Zappeion building with two machine-guns posted in a small wood on the hill of the Stadium, only 400 yards away, while, as I previously wired, Admiral Fournet, with several officers and marines were standing on the doorsteps of the principal building.

BRITISH CASUALTIES.

I reached there soon afterwards, and remained in the building while the attack was proceeding. At the back entrance of the building Greek troops were firing, hidden in the gardens of the Royal Palace, so that the place was fired upon on all sides. It was here that our own Marines, about 250 strong, had come to reinforce the 150 Frenchmen who for a month past had been quartered there. Our own casualties amount to three officers and 12 men killed and several wounded. We lost no prisoners. Some of our wounded and those of the French are lying in the hospitals of Athens.

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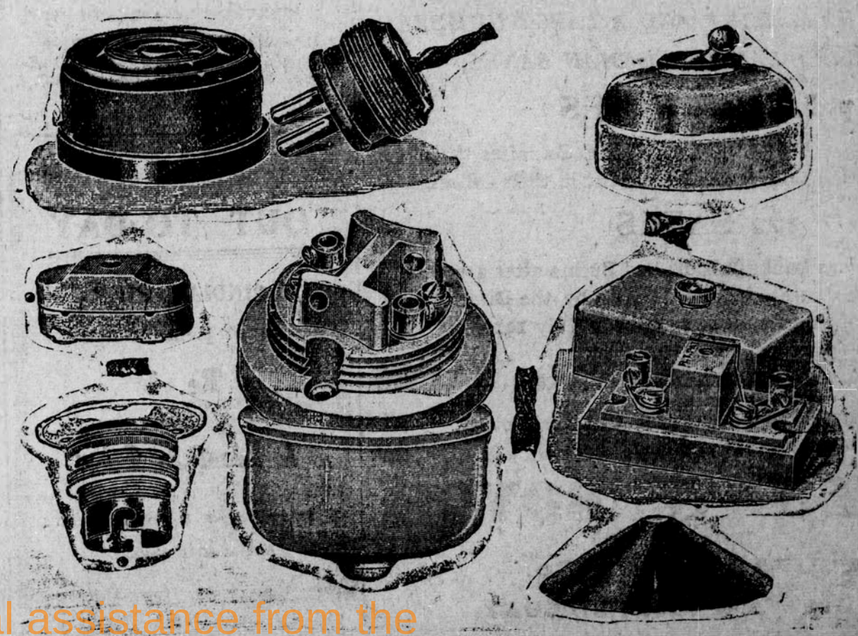

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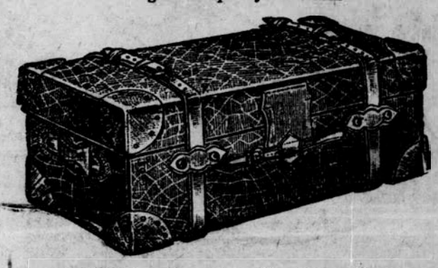

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